ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS

NTRODUCTORY SECTION		
		<u>Page</u>
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
		Page
Independent Auditors' Report		2-5
Management's Discussion and Analysis		6-14
Basic Financial Statements:	Exhibit	Page
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	15
Statement of Activities	2	16
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	17
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	4	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	5	19
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6	20
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	7	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	8	22
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	9	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	10	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	11	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual - General Fund Notes to Financial Statements	12	26 27-73
Notes to Findicial Statements		27-73
Required Supplementary Information:		
Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System -		
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	A-1	74
Schedule of Employer Contributions	A-2	75
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance -		_,
Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios	A-3	76
Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund -	A 4	77
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	A-4	77 78
Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits	A-5	70
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	A-6	79
Schedule of changes in focal of Eb Elability and Related Racios	7.0	,,
Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Consolidated	B-1	80
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual:		0.4.00
General Fund	B-2	81-83
Revaluation Fund	B-3	84
Register of Deeds Automation and Preservation Fund	B-4	85 74
County Buildings Capital Projects Fund - Major	B-5	76 87
State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Courthouse Fund - Major Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	B-6 C-1	88
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	C-2	89
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	C-3	90
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	C-4	91
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	C¬	/ 1
Transportation Fund	C-5	92
Fairgrounds Fund	C-6	93
Drug Fund	C-7	94
Emergency Telephone System Fund	C-8	95
Soil and Water Fund	C-9	96
Representative Payee Fund	C-10	97
Earthquake Fund	C-11	98
Deed of Trust Fund	C-12	QQ

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Fire Tax Fund Fine and Forfeitures Fund C-14 Opioid Settlement Fund C-15 DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund C-16 ARPA Fund C-17 Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds C-18 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-15 C-16 C-15 C-16 C-16 ARPA Fund C-16 C-17 C-17 C-18 C-18 C-18 C-19 School Capital Project Funds C-19 C-20 Outdoor Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds C-20 C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority	
Fire Tax Fund Fine and Forfeitures Fund C-14 Opioid Settlement Fund C-15 DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund C-16 ARPA Fund C-17 Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds C-18 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-15 C-16 C-15 C-16 C-16 ARPA Fund C-16 C-17 C-17 C-18 C-18 C-18 C-19 School Capital Project Funds C-19 C-20 Outdoor Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds C-20 C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority	Page
Opioid Settlement Fund C-15 DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund C-16 ARPA Fund C-17 Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds C-18 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds C-19 School Capital Project Fund C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds F-1 Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy F-2 Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-1	100
DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund ARPA Fund C-16 ARPA Fund C-17 Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds School Capital Project Fund C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority C-18 C-18 C-19 C-20 C-20 C-21 State Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds F-1 Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy G-1	101
ARPA Fund Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds School Capital Project Fund C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-1	102
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds School Capital Project Fund C-20 Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority C-18 C-18 C-19 C-20 C-20 C-20 C-21 C-21 State Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds F-1 Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy G-1	103
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds School Capital Project Fund Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority C-20 C-20 C-21 Schedule - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds C-21 Schedule - Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy G-1	104
School Capital Project Fund Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund C-21 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority C-20 C-20 C-20 C-20 C-20 C-20 C-20 C-2	105
Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority C-21 C-21 C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority	106
State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund C-22 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority C-22 State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund D-1 C-25 E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund G-1	107
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Landfill Fund Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-1	108
Combining Statement of Ficuciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-1 Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds E-2 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund F-1 Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy F-2 Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-1	109
Combining Statement of Chagnes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority E-2 G-1	110
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority F-1 G-1	111
Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-wide Levy Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-1	112
Balance Sheet - Tourism Development Authority G-1	113
·	114
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Tourism Development Authority G-2	115
	116
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	17-118
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance	17 110
	19-121
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance	17 121
	22-124
	25-127
·	28-130
	131
	132

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS as of JUNE 30, 2023

Bobby Irwin, Chairman

Mechelle Luffman, Vice Chair John U. Irwin, Jr. Timothy J. Evans Greg Walker

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS as of NOVEMBER 17, 2023

Bobby Irwin, Chairman

Mechelle Luffman, Vice Chair John U. Irwin, Jr. Timothy J. Evans Greg Walker

OTHER OFFICIALS



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alleghany County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based upon our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alleghany County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Alleghany County, North Carolina and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about the Alleghany County, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect material statement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* we:

- exercised professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Alleghany County, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Alleghany County, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2023, on our consideration of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 17, 2023

Robinson, James, Cox associates

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

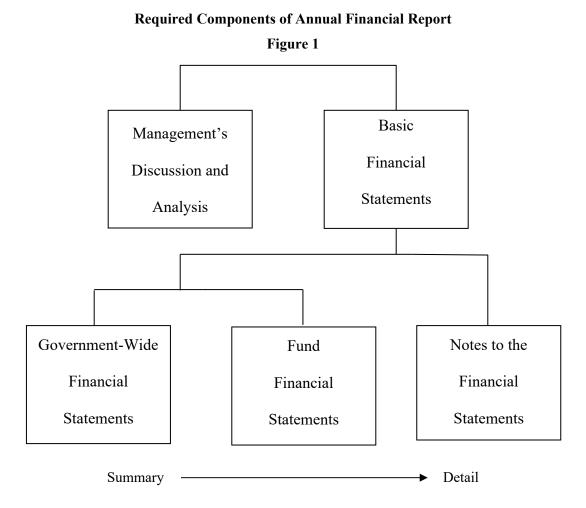
As management of Alleghany County, we offer readers of Alleghany County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Alleghany County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of Alleghany County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$19,089,074 (*net position*).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Alleghany County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,034,487. Approximately 13% of this total amount, or \$1,899,272, is restricted as to how it can be spent. Approximately 14% of the total ending governmental fund balance, or \$2,095,167, is reported in funds other than the General Fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund totaled \$11,509,095, or 63%, of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Alleghany County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Alleghany County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 11) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements.

Following the notes is the **Required Supplemental Information**. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and OPEB plans.

After the required supplemental information, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the County's funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component unit. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services, such as public safety, economic and physical development, human services, and general administration. Property taxes and federal and State grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the landfill services offered by Alleghany County. The final category is component units of which the County has one, the Tourism Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Alleghany County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Alleghany County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Alleghany County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the general statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the

County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. Alleghany County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Alleghany County uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its landfill operations. This fund represents business-type activity in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Alleghany County has three fiduciary funds. The Jail Inmate Fund, Town of Sparta Tax Fund, and the Library fund are all considered custodial funds. The Jail Inmate Fund is the balance held by inmates in the County jail. The Town fund manages the billing and collection of Town taxes. The Library fund is a balance held for the use of the Library Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Alleghany County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on Schedule A-1 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Alleghany County's Net Position

Figure 2

	G	overnm	ental	Busine	ss-Typ	e		
		Activiti	ies	Acti	vities		To	otal
	2023		2022	2023	2	022	2023	2022
Assets:								
Current and other								
assets	\$ 19,088	*))- ·	\$ 713,171	\$	458,519	\$ 19,801,337	\$ 14,761,829
Capital assets, net	19,214	1,247	19,702,134	 493,119		596,501	19,707,366	20,298,635
Total assets	38,302	2,413	34,005,444	 1,206,290		1,055,020	39,508,703	35,060,464
Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	4,916	5,217	3,915,408	 122,377		96,425	5,038,594	4,011,833
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities	4,552	2,854	3,989,521	241,116		111,717	4,793,970	4,101,238
Other liabilities	16,675	5,184	16,681,341	 406,037		390,798	17,081,221	17,072,139
Total liabilities	21,228	3,038	20,670,862	 647,153		502,515	21,875,191	21,173,377
Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	3,496	5,570	3,263,089	 86,462		82,270	3,583,032	3,345,359
Net Position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	16,166	5.515	16,011,249	449,164		515,678	16,615,679	16,526,927
Restricted	1,919	*	1,912,477	-		-	1,919,237	1,912,477
Unrestricted (deficit)		3,270	(3,936,825)	145,888		50,982	554,158	(3,885,843)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 18,494	1,022 \$		\$ 595,052	\$	566,660	\$ 19,089,074	\$ 14,553,561

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Alleghany County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,089,074 as of June 30, 2023. The County's net position increased by \$4,535,513 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The largest portion of net position, \$16,615,679, reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment). Alleghany County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Alleghany County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 98.15%
- Monitoring of operating expenses including consolidating expenses as much as possible.

Alleghany County's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

		Govern Activ			_	Busine Activ			_	To	tal	
		2023		2022		2023		<u>2022</u>		2023		<u>2022</u>
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1,700,515	\$	1,455,622	\$	1,282,406	\$	1,207,089	\$	2,982,921	\$	2,662,711
Operating grants and												
contributions		4,607,270		4,333,897		375		30,000		4,607,645		4,363,897
Capital grants and contributions General revenues:		127,830		232,915		2,000		-		129,830		232,915
Property taxes		12,983,375		12,597,674		_		_		12,983,375		12,597,674
Other taxes		4,492,495		3,887,497		_		_		4,492,495		3,887,497
Grants and contributions not		1,152,155		3,007,157						1, 1, 2, 1, 3		2,007,127
restricted to specific programs		71,716		65,736		_		_		71,716		65,736
Investment earnings,		71,710		05,750						71,710		03,730
unrestricted		94,837		1,837		_		_		94,837		1,837
Miscellaneous		145,656		132,351		_		_		145,656		132,351
Total revenues		24,223,694		22,707,529		1,284,781		1,237,089		25,508,475		23,944,618
Expenses:												
General government		4,798,860		5,546,843		_		_		4,798,860		5,546,843
Public safety		6,695,971		5,853,935		_		-		6,695,971		5,853,935
Economic and physical										, ,		
development		364,128		540,838		_		_		364,128		540,838
Environmental protection		333		1,164		_		_		333		1,164
Human services		3,863,554		3,778,460		_		_		3,863,554		3,778,460
Cultural and recreation		381,127		431,725		_		_		381,127		431,725
Education		3,558,810		3,205,339		_		_		3,558,810		3,205,339
Interest on long-term debt		53,790		69,667		-		-		53,790		69,667
Solid waste		-		-		1,256,389		770,386		1,256,389		770,386
Total expenses		19,716,573		19,427,971		1,256,389		770,386		20,972,962		20,198,357
Change in net												
position before transfers		4,507,121		3,279,558		28,392		466,703		4,535,513		3,746,261
Transfers in (out)			_	(70,288)	_			70,288	_		_	
Change in												
net position		4,507,121		3,209,270		28,392		536,991	_	4,535,513	_	3,746,261
Net Position (Deficit):												
Beginning of year		13,986,901		10,780,300		566,660		29,669		14,553,561		10,809,969
Restatement			_	(2,669)	_			-	_		_	(2,669)
Beginning of year	_	13,986,901	_	10,777,631		566,660	_	29,669	_	14,553,561		10,807,300
End of year	\$	18,494,022	\$	13,986,901	\$	595,052	\$	566,660	\$	19,089,074	\$	14,553,561

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$4,507,121. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Overall revenues increased by \$1,516,165. The increase in revenue combined with a \$288,602 increase in expenses, generated the current year increase in net position. Property tax revenues increased approximately \$385,701 due the completion of a revaluation the previous year. The tax rate was not adjusted due to an upward trend in property values, as a result of the popularity of rural areas and real estate sales dramatically increasing. The County's largest expenses are for general government (24%) and public safety (34%.) The largest increases were in public safety (\$842,036 or 13%) due to increased salaries, fringes, and equipment purchases.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased Alleghany County's net position by \$29,669. Key elements of this increase are as follow:

- Reduction in disposal and hauling costs as a result of recent bid award.
- Reduction in employee benefit costs as a result of decrease in net pension liabilities.
- Realized better collections through the Tax Office regarding the household solid waste fees.
- Payoff of Scale House loan and increased grant opportunities for facility improvements

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Alleghany County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Alleghany County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Alleghany County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Alleghany County. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available in the General Fund was \$11,509,095 while total fund balance was \$12,939,320. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both available fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents 63% of net General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds, while total fund balance represents 71% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of Alleghany County reported a combined fund balance of \$15,043,487, an increase of \$4,131,121 over last year. The General Fund and other Governmental Funds experienced an overall increase in fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds. Alleghany County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Net position (deficit) of the Landfill Fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$595,052.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Alleghany County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$19,707,366 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, and equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Start of construction of courthouse improvements.
- Purchase of vehicles for public safety, transfer facility, and transportation.
- Completion of construction of a new dispatch center located in the Administrative Building with new communication tower also
- Donation of vacant lots (structures removed) from earthquake relocations and rebuilding
- Repairs to County facilities continue from earthquake damage

Alleghany County's Capital Assets Figure 4

		Govern				Busine		• •				
	_	Activ	viti	es		Activ	vitie	es	_	To	tal	
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Land	\$	589,739	\$	589,739	\$	110,183	\$	110,183	\$	699,922	\$	699,922
Buildings		23,816,290		23,858,489		342,698		342,698		24,158,988		24,201,187
Improvements		7,889,585		7,559,259		115,343		115,343		8,004,928		7,674,602
Machinery and												
equipment		5,759,083		5,567,821		679,836		679,836		6,438,919		6,247,657
Construction in												
progress		656,694		217,947		-		-		656,694		217,947
Leases		321,129		321,129		116,962		116,962		438,091	_	438,091
Total		39,032,520		38,114,384		1,365,022		1,365,022		40,397,542		39,479,406
Less: accumulated												
depreciation/amortization	_	(19,818,273)	_	(18,412,250)	_	(871,903)	_	(768,521)		(20,690,176)	_	(19,180,771)
Capital assets, net	\$	19,214,247	\$	19,702,134	\$	493,119	\$	596,501	\$	19,707,366	\$	20,298,635

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt Alleghany County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Gover	nme	ntal		Busine	ess-Typ	e				
	Act	ivitie	es		Act	ivities		_	To	tal	
	2023		2022	2	023	2	022		2023		2022
Installment purchase notes	\$ 2,598,412	\$	3,412,927	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,598,412	\$	3,412,927

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Alleghany County is approximately \$142,000,000.

Additional information regarding Alleghany County's long-term debt, including details of pension liability, compensated absences, OPEB, and accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs, can be found in the notes of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024

Government Activities. The County adopted FY23/24 budget including the following highlights:

- Continued budgeting \$50,000 in escrow account for future revaluation expenses
- Maintained an unassigned fund balance line of \$200,000 to assist in continued building of fund balance
- Transportation fund continues to be self-supporting
- Will continue to repair County buildings from earthquake damage
- Eliminated \$100,000 yearly pledge to Alleghany Memorial Hospital from budget with use of ARPA Funds
- Increasing the County TDA Administrative Fee from 2% to 3%
- Contracted with a third party for billing of EMS charges
- Restructured EMS shifts for recruitment and retention of paramedics
- No increase in employee insurance premium while maintaining current benefits.
- No increase in fees for County services.

The overall property tax rate will remain the same at .597 per \$100 of value. The County implemented a Fire District Tax on July 1, 2020. The rate for the Fire District Tax will stay the same at the following rates:

Cherry Lane: .04 per \$100 of value Laurel Springs: .07 per \$100 of value Sparta: .03 per \$100 of value Glade Creek: .07 per \$100 of value Piney Creek: .06 per \$100 of value

Business–Type Activity. The Alleghany County Transfer Facility adopted FY23/24 budget including the following highlights:

- Maintaining a budgeted line of \$50,000 for continued improvements for the facility
- Budgeted \$50,000 in other improvements for the facility
- Continued a solid waste fee for permanent site campers
- Lowered disposal and transportation cost for solid waste with the most recent bid award
- Planned improvements with SCIF funding of \$100,000 plus

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, P.O. Box 366, Sparta, North Carolina 28675.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Pr	ima	ry Governme	ent			Component Unit
	Go	overnmental Activities		usiness-type Activities		Total	Tou	rism Development Authority
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,035,979	\$	634,560	\$	17,670,539	\$	312,419
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	•	,,-	•	,,,,,,	•	, ,	•	,
Taxes receivable		282,556		-		282,556		-
Accounts receivable		367,002		78,611		445,613		18,037
Due from other governmental units		1,261,948		-		1,261,948		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		120,716		-		120,716		-
Net pension asset		19,965		-		19,965		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Land		589,739		110,183		699,922		-
Buildings		13,206,713		109,923		13,316,636		-
Improvements		3,436,895		47,467		3,484,362		-
Equipment and vehicles		1,094,756		182,279		1,277,035		-
Construction in progress		656,694		-		656,694		-
Right to use assets, net of amortization	_	229,450		43,267		272,717		
Total assets	\$	38,302,413	\$	1,206,290	\$	39,508,703	\$	330,456
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0 (00 057		(0.500		2 700 000		
Pension related items	\$	2,638,357	\$	62,532	\$	2,700,889	\$	•
OPEB related items	_	2,277,860	ŕ	59,845	,	2,337,705		<u> </u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,916,217	\$	122,377	\$	5,038,594	\$	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	424,905	¢	185,547	¢	610,452	¢	6,219
Accounts payable Accrued salaries	٠	291,262	۲	2,631	ڔ	293,893	,	0,219
Accounts payable - construction		192,025		2,031		192,025		_
Retainage payable		23,380		_		23,380		
Accrued interest payable		28,400		_		28,400		<u>-</u>
Unearned grant revenue		2,617,010		-		2,617,010		-
Long-term liabilities:		2,0.7,0.0				2,0.7,0.0		
Due within one year		975,872		52,938		1,028,810		_
Due in more than one year		16,675,184		406,037		17,081,221		-
Total liabilities	\$	21,228,038	\$	647,153	\$	21,875,191	\$	6,219
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	72,984	\$	-	\$	72,984	\$	-
Pension related items		237,215		2,748		239,963		-
OPEB related items		3,186,371		83,714		3,270,085		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,496,570	\$	86,462	\$	3,583,032	\$	-
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,166,515	\$	449,164	\$	16,615,679	\$	-
Restricted:								
Stabilization by State Statute		1,499,358		-		1,499,358		-
Emergency Telephone System		196,380		-		196,380		-
Forfeited Drug Funds		27,381		-		27,381		-
Recreation		98,364		-		98,364		-
Register of Deeds		77,789		-		77,789		-
Future pension costs of Register of Deeds		19,965				19,965		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	408,270	_	145,888	_	554,158	_	324,237
Total net position	\$	18,494,022	\$	595,052	\$	19,089,074	\$	324,237

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Program Revenues	es				Net (Expens Changes i	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
		I		Operating	٣	Capital		Primary	Primary Government		Component Unit
Functions/Programs	囚	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	Tourism Development Authority
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:											
Governmental activities:											
General government administration	s	4,798,860	204,495	\$ 1,176,471	5	36,594	\$ (3,381,300)	\$ (00)	\$	(3,381,300)	
Public safety		6,695,971	1,363,634	1,270,619	6		(4,061,718)	18)		(4,061,718)	
Economic and physical development		364,128	10,010	•			(354,118)	18)		(354,118)	
Environmental protection		333		25,214	4		24,881	81		24,881	
Human services		3,863,554	106,582	2,134,966	9	20,147	(1,601,859)	(26)	•	(1,601,859)	
Cultural and recreational		381,127	15,794	•			(365,333)	33)	•	(365,333)	
Education		3,558,810	•	•		71,089	(3,487,721)	21)	,	(3,487,721)	•
Interest on long-term debt		53,790	•	•			(53,790)	(06,		(53,790)	
Total governmental activities	s	19,716,573	1,700,515	\$ 4,607,270	\$ 0	127,830	\$ (13,280,958)	58) \$	\$ -	(13,280,958)	. \$
business-type activities: Landfill	٠	1,256,389	1,282,406	\$ 375	5	2,000	٠ •	٠,	28,392 \$	28,392	٠
Total primary government	\$	20,972,962	2,982,921	\$ 4,607,645	5 \$	129,830	\$ (13,280,958)	58) \$	28,392 \$	(13,252,566)	
COMPONENT UNIT:											
Tourism Development Authority	\$	134,362		\$	s		٠,	٧,	٠,		\$ (134,362)
Total component unit	S	134,362	,	\$	S	,	\$.	\$ -	•	(134,362)
	General	General revenues:									
	Taxes:										
	Ad va	Ad valorem taxes					\$ 12,983,375	\$ 52	٠,	12,983,375	
	Local	Local option sales tax	ax				4,161,780	.80		4,161,780	
	Othe	Other taxes and licenses	enses				330,715	15		330,715	
	Unrest	ricted revenu	es from use of r	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	ty		94,837	37		94,837	
	Miscell	Miscellaneous					145,656	56		145,656	
	Grants	and contribu	ions not restric	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ograms		71,716	16	•	71,716	216,834
	Total g	Total general revenues	sər				\$ 17,788,079	\$ 62	\$ -	17,788,079	5 216,834
	Change	Change in net position	_				\$ 4,507,121	21 \$	28,392 \$	4,535,513	\$ 82,472
	Net pos	ition - beginni	Net position - beginning, as restated				13,986,901	01	566,660	14,553,561	241,765
	Net pos	Net position - ending					\$ 18,494,022	\$ 22	595,052 \$	19,089,074	\$ 324,237

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Major						
			S	state Capital and	S	tate Capital and	-			
			Int	frastructure Fund	Inf	rastructure Fund		Other		
		General		Pool		Courthouse	Go	vernmental		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,239,840	\$	400,000	\$	1,968,200	\$	2,427,939	\$	17,035,979
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		256,017		-		-		26,539		282,556
Accounts receivable		211,547		-		-		155,455		367,002
Due from other governmental units		1,261,948		-		-		-		1,261,948
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		93,335		-		-		27,381		120,716
Total assets	\$	14,062,687	\$	400,000	\$	1,968,200	\$	2,637,314	\$	19,068,201
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	120,157	¢	_	\$	_	\$	304,748	¢	424,905
Accrued liabilities	7	288,189	7	_	7	_	7	3,073	7	291,262
Accounts payable - construction		176,035		15,990		_		3,073		192,025
Retainage payable		23,380		13,770		_				23,380
Unearned revenue		50,000		384,010		1,968,200		214,800		2,617,010
Total liabilities	\$	657,761	\$	400,000	\$	1,968,200	\$	522,621	\$	3,548,582
rotat habitities	-	037,701	7	400,000	7	1,700,200	7	322,021	7	3,340,302
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	72,984	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	72,984
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable		256,017		-		-		19,526		275,543
Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable		136,605		-		-		-		136,605
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	465,606	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,526	\$	485,132
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted:										
Stabilization by State Statute	\$	1,336,890	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	162,468	\$	1,499,358
Emergency Telephone System	·	-	·	-	•	_	•	196,380	•	196,380
Other		77,789		-		_		27,381		105,170
Recreation		-		-		_		98,364		98,364
Committed		15,546		-		_		-		15,546
Assigned		-		-		_		1,653,980		1,653,980
Unassigned		11,509,095		-		-		(43,406)		11,465,689
Total fund balances	\$	12,939,320	\$	-	\$	-	Ś	2,095,167	\$	15,034,487
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund	<u> </u>	. 2,737,320	~		~		~	_,0/3,10/	7	. 5,05 1, 107
balances	\$	14,062,687	\$	400,000	\$	1,968,200	\$	2,637,314	\$	19,068,201

Alleghany County, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because.				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	15,034,487
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	589,739		
Buildings		13,206,713		
Improvements		3,436,895		
Equipment and vehicles		1,094,756		
Right to use leased asset - building		229,450		
Construction in progress	_	656,694		19,214,247
The net pension asset (ROD) is not an available resource and therefore, is not reported in the funds.				19,965
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are unavailable in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes	\$	275,543		
Unavailable revenue - EMS		136,605	_	412,148
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	2,638,357		
OPEB related items		2,277,860	-	4,916,217
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current				
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Note payable	\$	(2,598,412)		
Lease payable		(233,915)		
Accrued interest payable		(28,400)		
Net OPEB liability		(10,147,581)		
Compensated absences		(412,872)		
Net pension liability - LGERS		(3,651,993)		
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		(606,283)	-	(17,679,456)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable for current period and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	(237,215)		
OPEB related items		(3,186,371)		(3,423,586)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	18,494,022

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Major			
	·	State Capital and	State Capital and	- Other	
	General	Pool	I Infrastructure Fund Courthouse	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 12,061,123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 903,902	\$ 12,965,025
Other taxes	4,248,889	-	-	243,606	4,492,495
Unrestricted intergovernmental	71,716	-	-	-	71,716
Restricted intergovernmental	2,642,818	15,99	0 28,620	2,047,672	4,735,100
Permits and fees	226,183	-	-	19,677	245,860
Sales and services	978,388	-	-	-	978,388
Service and fees	-	-	-	38,960	38,960
Investment earnings	94,837	-	-	-	94,837
Miscellaneous	513,047	-	-	106,582	619,629
Total revenues	\$ 20,837,001	\$ 15,99	0 \$ 28,620	\$ 3,360,399	\$ 24,242,010
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$ 3,533,365	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 684,592	\$ 4,217,957
Public safety	5,518,345	-	-	1,072,584	6,590,929
Economic and physical development	388,389	-	-	6,827	395,216
Environmental protection	-	-	-	(644)	(644)
Human services	3,391,416	-	-	370,715	3,762,131
Cultural and recreational	341,794	-	-	-	341,794
Education	2,913,664	-	-	-	2,913,664
Capital outlay	-	15,99	0 28,620	925,029	969,639
Debt service:					
Principal repayments	858,558	-	-	-	858,558
Interest and fees	66,524	-	-	-	66,524
Total expenditures	\$ 17,012,055	\$ 15,99	0 \$ 28,620	\$ 3,059,103	\$ 20,115,768
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	\$ 3,824,946	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 301,296	\$ 4,126,242
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$ 1,222,353	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,172,438	\$ 2,394,791
Transfers out	(1,180,784)	-	-	(1,214,007)	(2,394,791)
Sale of capital assets	4,879	-	-	-	4,879
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 46,448	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (41,569)	\$ 4,879
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,871,394	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,727	\$ 4,131,121
Fund balances - beginning	9,067,926	-	-	1,835,440	10,903,366
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,939,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,095,167	\$ 15,034,487

\$ 4,507,121

Alleghany County, North Carolina Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 4,131,121
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 1,089,030 (1,539,777)	(450,747)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net position.		(37,140)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes Change in unavailable revenue - EMS	\$ 18,350 (36,666)	(18,316)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. Principal repayments: Note payable Lease payable	814,515 44,043	858,558
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Change in net pension liability and related deferred items - LGERS Change in net pension liability and related deferred items - LEOSSA Change in net pension asset and related deferred items - ROD Change in net OPEB liability and related deferred items	\$ (58,085) 12,734 (333,283) (82,229) (2,006) 486,514	23,645
	_	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund	
	Landfill Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets:	A	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 634,560	
Accounts receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	78,611	
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	\$ 713,171	
Capital assets:		
Land	\$ 110,183	
Improvements	115,343	
Buildings	342,698	
Vehicles and equipment	679,836	
Leased equipment	116,962	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(871,903)	
Total capital assets	\$ 493,119	
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 493,119 \$ 1,206,290	
Total assets	\$ 1,206,290	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$ 62,532	
OPEB related items	59,845	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 122,377	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 185,547	
Accrued liabilities	2,631	
Compensated absences - current portion	15,326	
Lease liabilities - current portion	37,612	
Total current liabilities	\$ 241,116	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$ 5,108	
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs	34,632	
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	6,343	
Net pension liability	93,351	
Net OPEB liability Total noncurrent liabilities	266,603 \$ 406,037	
Total liabilities	\$ 406,037 \$ 647,153	
Total Habitities	3 047,133	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6 2740	
Pension related items	\$ 2,748	
OPEB related items Total deferred inflows of resources	83,714	
Total defetied liftlows of resources	\$ 86,462	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	\$ 449,164	
Unrestricted	\$ 449,104 145,888	
Total net position	\$ 595,052	
rotat net position	7 273,032	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund		
	Landfill Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$	1,282,406	
Total operating revenues	\$	1,282,406	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Landfill operations	\$	1,151,727	
Depreciation		103,382	
Total operating expenses	\$	1,255,109	
Operating income (loss)	\$	27,297	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	375	
Interest expense		(1,280)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(905)	
Income before capital contributions and grants	\$	26,392	
Capital contributions and grants	\$	2,000	
Change in net position	\$	28,392	
Total net position - beginning		566,660	
Total net position - ending	\$	595,052	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund Landfill Fund			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,275,754		
Payments to suppliers		(791,389)		
Payments to and for employees		(200,592)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	283,773		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payments on lease liabilities	\$	(36,868)		
Contributions in aid of construction		2,375		
Interest payments		(1,280)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(35,773)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	248,000		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		386,560		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	634,560		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	27,297		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	103,382		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(6,652)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		124,423		
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		479		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		5,003		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		68,212		
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		(46,425)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		4,192		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(25,952)		
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure and post-closure care costs		29,814		
Total adjustments	\$	256,476		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	283,773		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,494
Receivables:	
Other receivables	7,220
Total assets	\$ 13,714
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental units Total liabilities	\$ 12,605 \$ 12,605
NET POSITION	
Restricted:	
Benefit of the inmates	\$ 1,070
Held in trust	39
Total net position	\$ 1,109

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	—	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS				
Inmate deposits	\$	49,087		
Ad valorem taxes		83,930		
Total additions	\$	133,017		
DEDUCTIONS				
Canteen sales	\$	36,966		
Inmate refunds		12,162		
Payments to Town of Sparta		83,930		
Total deductions	\$	133,058		
Change in net position	\$	(41)		
Net position - beginning		1,150		
Net position - ending	\$	1,109		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Profession Pr			Pudgotod	۸	a a unte				riance with nal Budget Positive
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes \$11,253,691 \$12,253,691 \$12,061,123 \$807,342 Unrestricted intergovernmental 3,039,300 3,655,450 4,248,889 593,439 Unrestricted intergovernmental 2,601,569 2,641,545 2,642,818 12,723 Permits and fees 197,000 197,000 226,183 29,183 Sales and services 722,385 772,585 2,642,818 292,533 Investment earnings 1,200 6,700 94,837 288,137 Miscellaneous 525,403 571,22,848 20,837,001 5,714,455 Total revenues 525,403 571,22,848 20,837,001 5,714,455 Total revenues 53,603,410 \$3,236,022 \$3,496,203 \$139,819 Public safety 540,868 5,523,629 \$5,518,345 105,284 Ecommic and physical development 450,667 451,561 383,839 635,284 Euch service 200,000 201,666 201,666 201,666 201,666 Debt se				AII			Actual	,	
Avalorem taxes \$ 11,253,691 \$ 11,253,691 \$ 12,061,123 \$ 8807,432 Other taxes 3,093,000 3,655,400 4,248,889 593,439 Unrestricted intergovernmental 2,601,569 2,641,545 2,642,818 1,273 Restricted intergovernmental 2,601,569 2,641,545 2,642,818 1,273 Permits and fees 197,000 197,000 226,183 2,913,33 Slack and services 723,856 725,855 978,388 252,533 Investment earnings 1,000 6,000 94,837 68,337 Miscellaneous 518,412,892 9,1912,548 5,033,000 \$ 1,714,453 EXPENDITURES Current S 3,603,410 \$ 3,636,022 \$ 3,496,203 \$ 139,819 Public safety 5,460,888 5,523,299 \$ 5,181,345 5 139,819 Public safety 4,030,229 4,049,480 3,391,416 6 58,064 Cuttural and recreational 399,728 3,737,81 341,794 23,597 Education	REVENUES		Original		ı ıııaı		Actual		negative)
Other taxes 3,039,300 3,655,450 4,248,889 593,439 Unrestricted intergovernmental 2,601,569 2,641,545 2,642,838 1,273 Permits and fees 197,000 197,000 226,183 225,253 Stales and services 73,386 273,856 578,835 272,535 Alscel and services 723,856 67,000 94,837 88,137 Miscel and services 552,403 571,434 513,047 (58,387) Total revenues 518,412,892 \$ 19,122,548 \$ 23,337,001 \$ 1,714,455 Total revenues 51,402,802 \$ 19,122,548 \$ 23,406,203 \$ 1,714,455 EVENDITURES Current General government administration \$ 3,603,410 \$ 3,636,202 \$ 5,183,45 105,284 EVENDITURES Current General government administration \$ 3,603,410 \$ 3,636,202 \$ 5,188,518 6 105,28 6 105,28 6 105,24 105,284 6 20,202 5 1,184 105,284		\$	11 253 691	ς	11 253 691	ς	12 061 123	ς	807 432
Unrestricted intergovernmental 70,873 70,873 71,16 8.43 Permitis and fees 197,000 2,641,545 2,642,818 2,73,73 Sales and services 733,856 725,855 978,388 225,533 Investment earnings 1,200 6,700 94,837 88,387 Miscellaneous 575,403 571,434 513,047 16,838,79 Total revenues 58,412,829 1,912,248 513,047 16,838,79 69,841,812 3,633,410 3,636,022 5,3496,203 5,138,98 5,360,341 5,363,602 5,518,143 10,52,84 5,400,888 5,632,229 5,518,343 6,13,89 6,13,89 16,12,88 3,603,410 3,636,022 5,518,343 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,13,89 6,12,89 6,13,89 6,13,89		*		7		7		7	•
Restricted intergovernmental Permits and rees 2,601,569 (197,00) 2,641,818 (29,183) 1,723 (29,183) Bermits and rees 197,000 (197,00) 226,183 (29,183) 29,183 (29,183) Lalse and services (197,000) 36,700 (194,837) 38,137 Miscellaneous 525,403 (197,128) 9,10,229 (197,128) 20,337,00 (198,837) Total revenues 51,412,802 (197,128) 9,10,229 (197,128) 20,337,00 (198,837) Total revenues Total revenues Total revenues Total revenues Total revenues administration Public safety 5,40,868 (197,128) 5,518,345 (198,89) 6,13,89 Public safety 5,40,868 (197,128) 3,39,40 3,39,416 (198,89) 63,70 Economic and physical development 4,30,60 4,51,516 (198,38) 3,31,416 (198,28) Economic and physical development 3,397,28 (198,39) 3,71,718 (198,39) 3,31,416 (198,39) 3,31,40 (20) 201,60 Cultural and recreational 3,997,28 (198,39) 3,71,710 (198,39) 3,11,60 4,									•
Permit sand fees 197,000 197,000 226,183 29,183 Sales and services 723,856 725,855 978,388 252,538 Miscellaneous 525,403 571,434 513,047 (58,387) Total revenues 525,403 571,434 513,047 (58,387) EXPENDITURES Expenditures General government administration \$3,603,410 \$3,636,022 \$3,496,203 \$1,198,198 Public safety 540,688 \$6,523,607 55,18,345 105,184 Public safety 450,688 \$6,523,607 55,18,345 105,184 Economic and physical development 450,606 56,23,607 \$3,91,416 668,044 Cutural and recreational 339,728 3,77,781 341,779 35,862 20,106 Education 2915,784 2,915,748 2,915,64 2,006 2,006 Nondepartmental 809,629 810,917 818,317 3,007,64 3,007,64 3,007,64 3,007,64 3,007,60 4,007,60 3,007	-		•		•		•		
Sales and services Investment earnings 723,856 725,855 978,388 252,333 Investment earnings 1,200 6,700 94,837 88,137 Miscellaneous 55,403 571,434 5,034,007 5,174,005 Total revenues 5,141,289 5,121,268 2,033,700 5,174,145 EVENDITURES Ceneral government administration 5,363,603 5,363,602 5,349,602 5,183,455 139,819 Public safety 5,400,868 5,623,602 5,518,345 103,818 605,722 Economic and physical development 450,667 4,419,461 389,389 63,172 Human services 2,915,748 4,049,480 3,391,416 658,064 Cutural and recreational 3,915,281 2,913,664 2,004 Nondepartmental 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,004 Nondepartmental 8,906,20 810,978 858,558 447,800 Debt service: 4,948,90 80,982,90 81,931,913 51,942,90 51,942,90 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td></t<>									,
Name			•		•		•		•
Miscellaneous 525,403 571,412 513,047 (58,87) Total revenues 5 18,412,892 \$ 17,122,548 \$ 2,033,701 \$ 1,714,458 EXPENDITURES User results General government administration \$ 3,603,410 \$ 3,636,022 \$ 3,496,203 \$ 103,818 Public safety \$ 5,606,868 \$ 5,623,629 \$ 3,814,620 \$ 105,264 Economic and physical development 450,667 451,561 383,49 \$ 63,628 Human services 450,667 451,561 383,49 \$ 63,628 Education 290,508 291,564 3,391,461 350,628 Education 290,509 291,564 2,391,641 360,804 Robustion 290,509 291,564 2,391,641 360,804 Poblication 290,000 201,609 2,301,642 360,804 Poblication 290,000 201,609 2,301,604 2,105,609 Total expenditures 290,000 291,809,803 2,802,609 2,802,709			•		•		•		•
EXPENDITURES Substitution (and physical development administration) \$ 3,603,410 \$ 3,636,022 \$ 3,496,203 \$ 139,819 Public safety \$ 3,603,610 \$ 3,636,022 \$ 5,18,345 105,284 Economic and physical development 450,667 451,561 388,389 63,172 Human services 4,030,229 4,049,480 3,391,416 658,064 Cultural and recreational 359,728 237,781 341,794 35,987 Education 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,084 Nondepartmental 200,000 201,606 -1 201,606 Debt service: 8899,620 810,978 858,558 47,580 Interest and fees 64,908 64,908 66,524 1,1616 Total expenditures \$ 17,895,178 \$ 18,131,713 \$ 1,6974,893 \$ 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues \$ 1,714,917 \$ 1,047,809 \$ 1,156,820 over (under) expenditures \$ 5,77,714 \$ 1,017,114 1,114,007 \$ 1,214,007 Transfers in \$ 2, 8 <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	5		•		•		•		•
Current		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Current	EXPENDITURES								
General government administration \$ 3,603,410 \$ 3,636,022 \$ 3,496,203 \$ 139,819 Public safety 5,460,686 \$ 5,23,629 5,518,345 105,224 Economic and physical development 450,667 451,561 388,838 63,172 Human services 4,030,229 4,049,480 3,391,464 558,664 Cultural and recreational 359,728 377,781 341,794 35,987 Education 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,016,606 Nondepartmental 200,000 201,606 201,606 Debt service: 809,620 810,978 858,558 (47,580) Principal repayments 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures 517,895,178 \$ 18,131,713 \$ 16,974,893 \$ 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$									
Public safety 5,460,868 5,623,629 5,518,345 105,284 Economic and physical development 450,667 451,561 388,389 63,172 Human services 4,030,2229 4,049,480 3,391,416 658,064 Cuttural and recreational 359,728 377,781 341,794 35,987 Education 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,084 Nondepartmental 200,000 201,606 - 201,606 Debt service: Principal repayments 809,620 810,978 858,558 (47,580) Interest and fees 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures \$ 17,895,178 \$ 18,131,713 \$ 16,974,893 \$ 1,516,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 Transfers in \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 Transfers out \$ (517,714) \$ (10,177,141) \$ (1,807,784) \$ 1,214,007 Sale of capital ass		¢	3,603 410	Ś	3,636,022	5	3,496 203	S	139 819
Economic and physical development 450,667 451,561 388,389 63,172 Human services 4,030,229 4,049,480 3,391,416 658,064 Cultural and recreational 359,728 377,781 341,794 35,987 Education 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,084 Nondepartmental 200,000 201,606 - 201,606 Debt service: 7 8809,620 810,978 858,558 (47,580) Principal repayments 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures 517,895,178 18,131,713 516,974,893 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 517,714 990,835 3,862,108 2,871,273 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 51,714 990,835 3,862,108 2,871,273 Transfers in Gueral Eventures 2 2 2 4,879 4,879 4,879		*		7		7		7	•
Human services	-								•
Cultural and recreational 359,728 377,781 341,794 359,878 Education 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,084 Nondepartmental 200,000 201,606 - 201,606 Debt service: 97 809,620 810,978 858,558 (47,580) Interest and fees 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures \$ 17,895,178 \$ 18,131,713 \$ 16,974,893 \$ 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1,244,007 \$ 1			•		•		•		•
Education 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,915,748 2,913,664 2,084 Nondepartmental 200,000 201,606 - 201,606 Debt service: 201,606 - 201,606 Principal repayments 809,620 810,978 858,558 (47,580) Interest and fees 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures \$ 17,895,178 \$ 18,131,713 \$ 16,974,893 \$ 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 Transfers in \$ 2. \$ 2. \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,204,07 \$ 1,204,07 \$ 1,204,									•
Nondepartmental Debt service: 200,000 201,606 201,606 Principal repayments Interest and fees Interest and fees 889,620 810,978 858,558 (47,586) Principal repayments Interest and fees 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures \$17,895,178 \$18,131,713 \$16,974,893 \$1,56,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$517,714 \$990,835 \$3,862,108 \$2,871,273 TOTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$5.0 \$0.0 \$1,214,007			•		•		•		•
Debt service: Principal repayments 809,620 810,978 858,558 (47,580) Interest and fees 64,908 64,908 66,524 (1,616) Total expenditures \$ 17,895,178 \$ 1,8131,713 \$ 16,974,893 \$ 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 0. \$ 0. \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,017,714 \$ 1,017,714 \$ 1,018,784 \$ 1,630,700 \$ 1,697,900 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,017,714 \$ 1,017,714 \$ 1,018,784 \$ 1,697,90 \$ 1,697,90 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 \$ 1,287,90 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-,,</td><td></td><td>•</td></td<>							-,,		•
Principal repayments Interest and fees Interest Inte	·								
Interest and fees	Principal repayments		809,620		810,978		858,558		(47,580)
Total expenditures \$ 17,895,178 \$ 18,131,713 \$ 16,974,893 \$ 1,156,820 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 1,214,007 \$ 1,214,007 Transfers out (517,714) (1,017,714) (1,180,784) (163,070) Sale of capital assets - 2 - 9 4,879 4,879 Appropriated fund balance - 26,879 - 24,879 4,879 Appropriated fund balance sources and uses \$ (517,714) \$ (990,835) \$ 38,002 \$ 1,028,937 Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 3,900,210 \$ 3,900,210 Fund balance - beginning \$ 8,945,775 \$ 1,028,937 Fund balance - ending \$ 12,845,985 \$ 3,900,210 Legally budgeted funds consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: \$ (29,693) \$ 3,900,210 Expenditures \$ (29,693) \$ 45,239 \$ 45,239 Register of Deeds Fund: \$ (29,693) \$ (29,693) \$ (29,693) \$ (29,693)<			•		•		•		, , ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 517,714 \$ 990,835 \$ 3,862,108 \$ 2,871,273 Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets Appropriated fund balance For the purpose of the purpo		\$		\$		\$		\$	
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Expenditures (7,469) Fund balance, beginning 76,912	_						8,346		
Fund balance, beginning 76,912	Expenditures								
Fund balances - ending (Exhibit 5) \$ 12,939,320	Fund balance, beginning						76,912		
	Fund balances - ending (Exhibit 5)					\$	12,939,320	_	

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Alleghany County, North Carolina conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Alleghany County, North Carolina ("the County"), which is by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit - The Alleghany Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority ("the Authority") exist to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any Commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transaction or account balances. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The component unit column in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

The Alleghany County Tourism Development Authority ("the TDA") was established in January 2012. The County Commissioners appoint the TDA Board. The TDA is funded via a 6% occupancy tax levied pursuant to Session Law of the North Carolina General Assembly. The TDA has a June 30 year-end. The TDA does not issue separate financial statements.

Related Organizations - The County has no related organizations.

Jointly Governed Organizations -

The County, in conjunction with six other counties and 19 municipalities, established the High Country Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$11,790 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures -

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina, participates in a joint venture to operate the Alleghany Campus of Wilkes Community College. Alleghany County appoints two members of the 17 member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County provides some financial support for the Community College operations. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Community College because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the Alleghany Campus of Wilkes Community College facilities. The County contributed \$184,863 to the Community College for operating purposes during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Alleghany County does not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained from the Community College Administrative Offices at P.O. Box 120, Wilkesboro, North Carolina 28697.

The County also participates in a joint venture with two other local governments to operate Appalachian District Health Department. The County appoints four Board members to the 15-member Board of the Health Department. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Health Department's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Health Department, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. The County contributed \$269,265 to the Health Department during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the Health Department can be obtained from the Department's office at 126 Poplar Grove Connector, Boone, North Carolina 28607.

The County also participates in a joint venture with 16 other local governments to operate Northwest Regional Library. The County appoints one Board member to the 12-member Board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$185,066 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library can be obtained from the Library's offices at 111 North Bridge Street, Elkin, North Carolina 28621.

The County also participates in a local management entity with twenty-two other local governments (Alexander, Ashe, Avery, Buncombe, Caldwell, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania, Watauga, Wilkes and Yancey counties) to operate Vaya Health. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because Vaya Health's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in Vaya Health, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$60,000 to Vaya Health to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for Vaya Health can be obtained from the entity's office at 44 Bonnie Lane, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities. The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund County. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The Revaluation Fund and the Registrar of Deeds Automation and Preservation Fund are legally budgeted funds under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

A State Capital and Infrastructure Fund (SCIF) grant in the amount of \$2,000,000 was received in fiscal year 2022. This fund is to be used for improvements to the County Courthouse. These projects are accounted for in the State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Courthouse Fund.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds: (continued)

A State Capital and Infrastructure Fund (SCIF) grant in the amount of \$400,000 was received in fiscal year 2023. This fund is to be used for improvements to the county pool. These projects are accounted for in the State Capital and Infrastructure Pool Fund.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The County maintains the following special revenue funds: Transportation Fund, Fairgrounds Fund, Drug Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, Soil and Water Fund, Representative Payee Fund, Earthquake Fund, Deed of Trust Fund, ARPA Fund, Fines and Forfeitures Fund, DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund, Fire Tax Fund, and the Opioid Settlement Fund.

Capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The County maintains the following capital project funds within its governmental fund types: School Capital Project Fund, SCIF Capital Project, and Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Landfill Fund account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income are appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The County has one Enterprise Fund - the Landfill Fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Custodial funds account for assets held by the County on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds:

Jail Inmate Fund which holds cash deposits made to inmates as payment for work performed while incarcerated as well as collections for the benefit of inmates from their friends and families.

Town of Sparta Tax Fund which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for Town of Sparta but are not revenues of the County.

Library Fund which accounts for donations to be used for the local library.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting (Continued)</u>

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and custodial fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property tax revenues are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013 or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

C. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds, the School Capital Project Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All capital project funds, except the School Capital Project Fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, and ARPA Special Revenue Fund adopted a project ordinance. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations all departmental level for the General Fund, special revenue funds, the Enterprise Fund, and at the object level for the capital project funds.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budget Officer is authorized by the budget ordinance to reallocate appropriations within a department without limit and effect transfers between departments in the same fund, not to exceed 10% of the department budget being reduced. Notation of all such transfers is made to the Board on the next succeeding financial report. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers the time until the ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposit and Investments

All deposits of the County and TDA are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and TDA may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and TDA may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

1. Deposit and Investments (Continued)

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and investments with a maturity date of 90 days or less at time of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the Register of Deeds Fund is classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statutes 161-10.

	Governmental Activities		
General Fund	 		
Revaluation	\$ 15,546		
Register of Deeds	77,789		
Other Governmental Funds			
Forfeiture funds	27,381		
Total	\$ 120,716		

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. Certain items acquired before June 30, 1982 are recorded at an estimated original cost. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for all asset types. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that the errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Alleghany County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education after all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Alleghany County Board of Education.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	8-15
Equipment and vehicles	3-20

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. Deferred Outflows of Resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - a charge on refunding, pension, and contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred Inflows of Resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has three items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, special assessments receivable, and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

9. Right-to use lease assets

The County has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease or the useful life of the underlying asset.

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

11. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulated of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made. The County accepts transfer of up to 500 hours of sick leave from other jurisdictions belonging to the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System, the Law Enforcement Officers' Benefit and Retirement Fund, the North Carolinas Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System, or other affiliated North Carolina governmental retirement systems if approved by the County Manager.

12. Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson, and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

North Carolina's Memorandum Of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 15% directly to the State ("State Abatement Fund")
- 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund

The County received \$87,591 as part of this settlement in Fiscal Year 2023, for a total of \$124,480 to date. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. The County spent \$10,000 in 2023, and the remaining \$114,480 is reported as unearned. The MOA offered the County two options of expending the funds. The County opted for Option A, which allows the County to fund one or more high-impact strategies from a list of evidence-based strategies to combat the opioid epidemic.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

13. Reimbursement for Pandemic-related Expenditures

In FY 2020/21, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The County was allocated \$2,163,232 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$1,081,616 was received in July 2021. The second installment was received in July 2022. County staff and the Board of Commissioners have elected to use \$1,081,616 for revenue replacement funds and those funds were transferred to the General Fund as appropriate during 2023.

14. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position -

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances -

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance- This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed or imposed by law.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

14. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities, such as police, fire, EMS, and E-911.

Restricted for Recreation - portion of fund balance that is restricted by donor stipulations to be used for County recreation projects.

Restricted for Capital Outlay - portion of fund balance relating to unspent debt proceeds which are restricted for the purpose for which the debt was issued.

Restricted fund balance is as follows:

General Governmental					
Fund			Funds		Total
\$	77,789	\$	-	\$	77,789
	1,336,890		162,468		1,499,358
	-		196,380		196,380
	-		27,381		27,381
	-		98,364		98,364
\$	1,414,679	\$	484,593	\$	1,899,272
	\$	Fund \$ 77,789 1,336,890 - - -	Fund \$ 77,789 \$ 1,336,890 - - -	Fund Funds \$ 77,789 \$ - 1,336,890 162,468 - 196,380 - 27,381 - 98,364	General Governmental Funds \$ 77,789 \$ - \$ 1,336,890 162,468 - 196,380 - 27,381 - 98,364

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)
 - 14. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)
 - Committed Fund Balance This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Alleghany County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners). The governing body can, by adoption of ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

 Assigned Fund Balance - The portion of fund balance that the County intends to use for specific purposes. The County's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Officer, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Manager and Finance Officer to make certain modifications without requiring Board approval.

Assigned for General Government Administration - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for general government administration activities and projects.

Assigned for Economic and Physical Development - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for economic development incentives and projects.

Assigned for Environmental Projection - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used to support environmental protection initiatives, such as soil and water conservations.

Assigned for Human Services - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for human services activities and projects.

Assigned for Capital Outlay - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for future capital related activities.

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)
 - 14. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned fund balance is as follows:

		Other
	Go	vernmental
Purpose		Funds
General government administration	\$	415
Economic and physical development		18,732
Environmental protection		727
Human services		299,566
Capital outlay		1,334,540
Total	\$	1,653,980

 Unassigned Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-county funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County or when required by grant or other contractual agreements. The County has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

15. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the stateadministered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HCB and additions to/deductions from the HCB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

16. Available for Appropriation

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of fund balance in the governmental funds that is available for appropriation as of June 30, 2023:

				Emergency								
	General	Tra	Transportation Fairgrounds			Telephone			Soil and			
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Drug	Fund		Fund	Wa	ter Fund	
Total fund balance	\$12,939,320	\$	284,731	\$	18,732	\$ 27	7,381	\$	206,393	\$	727	
Less Stabilization by State Statute	(1,336,890)		(20,751)		-		-		(10,013)		-	
Total available fund balance	\$11,602,430	\$	263,980	\$	18,732	\$ 27	7,381	\$	196,380	\$	727	
	•											
	Representative								School	Out	door Rec.	
	Payee	Ea	arthquake	D	eed of	Fire	Tax	Ca	pital Proj.	Cap	oital Proj.	
(continued)	Fund		Fund	Tr	ust Fund	Fι	ınd		Fund		Fund	Total
Total fund balance	\$ 35,586	\$	81,285	\$	-	\$ 7	7,428	\$	1,334,540	\$	98,364	\$ 15,034,487
Less Stabilization by State Statute	-		(124,691)		-	(7	7,013)		-		-	(1,499,358)
Total available fund balance	\$ 35,586	\$	(43,406)	\$	-	\$	415	\$	1,334,540	\$	98,364	\$ 13,535,129
. otal araimple . and pamile	7 55,500	~	(.5, .55)	~		~		~	.,55 .,5 .	_ ~	70,50.	 .5,555,.27

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

17. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are: allowance for doubtful accounts, depreciation lives, and pension and OPEB liabilities.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

There were no significant violations with North Carolina General Statutes for the year ended June 30, 2023.

2. Contractual Violations

There were no significant violations with contracts for the year ended June 30, 2023.

3. Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

There were no significant deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2023.

4. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Earthquake and Representative Payee funds overspent the approved appropriations.

Note 3-Deposits

All the County's and TDA's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's and TDA's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and TDA, these deposits are held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County and TDA, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County and TDA under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and TDA rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County and TDA analyze the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County and TDA. The County and TDA comply with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2023, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$17,794,771 and a bank balance of \$17,921,924. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$17,857,190 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2023, the County had \$1,908 cash on hand and \$6,494 was held in trust for inmates, Town of Sparta, and the library within the Jail Inmate, Town of Sparta Tax, and Library Funds, respectively.

At June 30, 2023, the TDA's deposits had a carrying amount and bank balance of \$312,419. These funds are held by Alleghany County in a central depository account, and therefore, all balances are considered to be covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

The County and TDA have no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Note 4-Property Tax-Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year				
Levied	Tax		Interest	Total
2020	\$ 2,118,511	\$	169,481	\$ 2,287,992
2021	2,182,440		174,595	2,357,035
2022	2,193,838		175,507	2,369,345
2023	2,189,184		175,134	2,364,318
Total	\$ 8,683,973	\$	694,717	\$ 9,378,690

Note 5-Receivables-Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

					Due from Other		
Accounts			Taxes	Go	overnments		Total
\$	254,387	\$	279,142	\$	1,261,948	\$	1,795,477
	155,455		26,539		-		181,994
\$	409,842	\$	305,681	\$	1,261,948	\$	1,977,471
	(42,840)		(23,125)		-		(65,965)
\$	367,002	\$	282,556	\$	1,261,948	\$	1,911,506
\$	91,228	\$	-	\$	-	\$	91,228
	(12,617)		-		-		(12,617)
\$	78,611	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,611
	\$ \$	\$ 254,387 155,455 \$ 409,842 (42,840) \$ 367,002 \$ 91,228 (12,617)	\$ 254,387 \$ 155,455 \$ 409,842 \$ (42,840) \$ 367,002 \$ \$ \$ (12,617)	\$ 254,387 \$ 279,142 155,455 26,539 \$ 409,842 \$ 305,681 (42,840) (23,125) \$ 367,002 \$ 282,556 \$ 91,228 \$ - (12,617) -	Accounts Taxes Go \$ 254,387 \$ 279,142 \$ 155,455 \$ 409,842 \$ 305,681 \$ (42,840) \$ 367,002 \$ 282,556 \$ \$ 91,228 \$ - \$ (12,617) \$ -	Accounts Taxes Governments \$ 254,387 \$ 279,142 \$ 1,261,948 155,455 26,539 - \$ 409,842 \$ 305,681 \$ 1,261,948 (42,840) (23,125) - \$ 367,002 \$ 282,556 \$ 1,261,948 \$ 91,228 \$ - \$ - (12,617) - -	Accounts Taxes Other Governments \$ 254,387 \$ 279,142 \$ 1,261,948 \$ 155,455 \$ 409,842 \$ 305,681 \$ 1,261,948 \$ (42,840) \$ 367,002 \$ 282,556 \$ 1,261,948 \$ \$ (12,617) - - \$ - \$ -

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

Local options sales tax	\$ 532,483
Sales tax refund	84,950
Other	644,515
Total	\$ 1,261,948

The Tourism Development Authority's receivables consist of occupancy taxes from local hotels of \$18,037. Management expects all accounts receivable to be collected; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

Note 6-Capital Assets

Summary of Capital Assets

Capital asset activity in the for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

		Beginning							
		Balance,					Ending		
		as restated	ı	Increases		Decreases	Balance		
Governmental Activities:	-								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	589,739	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 589,739		
Construction in progress		217,947		765,141		(326,394)	656,694		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	807,686	\$	765,141	\$	(326,394)	\$ 1,246,433		
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings	\$	23,858,489	\$	-	\$	(42,199)	\$ 23,816,290		
Improvements		7,559,259		330,326		-	7,889,585		
Equipment and vehicles		5,567,821		319,957		(128,695)	5,759,083		
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	36,985,569	\$	650,283	\$	(170,894)	\$ 37,464,958		
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings	\$	(10,016,472)	\$	(598,164)	\$	5,059	\$ (10,609,577)		
Improvements		(3,928,768)		(523,922)		-	(4,452,690)		
Equipment and vehicles		(4,421,170)		(371,852)		128,695	(4,664,327)		
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(18,366,410)	\$ ((1,493,938)	\$	133,754	\$ (19,726,594)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	18,619,159	\$	(843,655)	\$	(37,140)	\$ 17,738,364		
Capital assets being amortized:									
Right to use assets:									
Lease building	\$	321,129	\$		\$	-	\$ 321,129		
Less accumulated amortization for:									
Right to use assets:									
Lease building	\$	(45,840)	\$	(45,839)	\$		\$ (91,679)		
Total capital assets being amortized, net	\$	275,289	\$	(45,839)	\$	-	\$ 229,450		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	19,702,134	\$	(124,353)	\$	(363,534)	\$ 19,214,247		
					_				

Note 6-Capital Assets (Continued)

Summary of Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decrease				Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:		Datarice		- Ici cases		Cases		Datarice
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	110,183	\$	-	\$		\$	110,183
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	342,698	\$	-	\$	-	\$	342,698
Equipment and vehicles		679,836		-		-		679,836
Land improvements		115,343		-		-		115,343
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,137,877	\$	-	\$	-	\$ ^	1,137,877
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	Ś	(224, 207)	\$	(8,568)	\$	-	\$	(232,775)
Equipment and vehicles		(445,047)	·	(52,510)		-	·	(497,557)
Land improvements		(62, 369)		(5,507)		-		(67,876)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(731,623)	\$	(66,585)	\$	-	\$	(798,208)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	406,254	\$	(66,585)	\$	-	\$	339,669
Capital assets being amortized:								
Right to use assets:								
Lease equipment	\$	116,962	_\$	-	\$	-	\$	116,962
Less accumulated amortization for:								
Right to use assets:								
Lease equipment	\$	(36,898)	_\$	(36,797)	\$	-	\$	(73,695)
Total capital assets being amortized, net	\$	80,064	\$	(36,797)	\$		\$	43,267
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	596,501	\$	(103,382)	\$	-	\$	493,119

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government administration	\$ 1,226,100
Public safety	242,028
Economic and physical development	977
Human services	50,984
Cultural and recreation	19,688
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,539,777

Note 6-Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The County had two active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Amount of	Amount	Accounts	Retainage
Project	Contract	Outstanding	Payable	Payable
90 S. Main Street County Office Building Renovations	\$ 865,000	\$ 420,780	\$ 176,035	\$ 23,380
Alleghany Pool Site Evaluation	24,600	8,610	15,990	-
Totals	\$ 889,600	\$ 429,390	\$ 192,025	\$ 23,380

Note 7-Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

			Accrued	
	,	Vendors	Payroll	Total
Governmental activities				
General	\$	319,572	\$ 288,189	\$ 607,761
State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Pool Fund		15,990	-	15,990
Other governmental		304,748	3,073	307,821
Total governmental activities	\$	640,310	\$ 291,262	\$ 931,572
Business-type activities				
Landfill	\$	185,547	\$ 2,631	\$ 188,178

As of June 30, 2023, the Tourism Development Authority's payables consisted of vendor payables.

Note 8-Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

<u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Benefits Provided

LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions

Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 13.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.16% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$694,221 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Refunds of Contributions

County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

<u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$3,745,344 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023 the County's proportion was 0.06639% (measured as of June 30, 2022), which was an increase of 0.00205% from its proportion as of June 30, 2022 (measured as of June 30, 2021).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,023,241. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	161,383	\$	15,823
Change in assumptions	373,701			-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	1,237,875			-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	41,692			94,440
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		694,221		-
Total	\$	2,508,872	\$	110,263

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

\$694,221 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30	Total		
2024	\$	518,152	
2025		443,247	
2026		153,244	
2027		589,745	
2028		-	
Thereafter		-	
	\$	1,704,388	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increase	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation
	and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2015.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	33.0%	0.9%
Global Equity	38.0%	6.5%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.2%
Credit	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	2.7%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2021 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1	% Increase
		(5.50%)	(6.50%)		(7.50%)	
County's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	6,759,864	\$	3,745,344	\$	1,261,205

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

Alleghany County administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2021 valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

1
25
26

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting

The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2021 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increase 3.25-7.75 percent per annum 2.50 percent per annum

Discount rate 4.31 percent per annum, compounded annually

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Mortality Rate:

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 amount-weighted Employee Mortality Table.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$8,674 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a total pension liability of \$606,283. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 based on a December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$88,181.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Employer contributions subsequent to the	\$	68,710 103,148	\$	1,812 127,362
measurement date		8,674		-
Total	\$	180,532	\$	129,174

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

The County paid \$8,674 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	 Total
2024	\$ 22,405
2025	22,334
2026	19,619
2027	3,810
2028	(14,907)
Thereafter	(10,577)
Total	\$ 42,684

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1%	Increase
	((3.31%)	(4.31%)		(5.31%)	
Total pension liability	\$	665,645	\$	606,283	\$	552,966

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance	645,972
Service cost	44,741
Interest on the total pension liability	14,402
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	42,383
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(129,448)
Benefit payments	(11,767)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	606,283

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8-Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.25 percent at December 31, 2021 (measurement date) to 4.31 percent at December 31, 2022 (measurement date).

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The County contributed \$58,150 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description

Alleghany County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided

An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions

Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,390 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported an asset of \$19,965 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.15079%, which was a decrease of 0.00428% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,430. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	154	\$	362
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		8,298		-
Changes of Assumptions		1,057		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		586		164
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,390		-
Total	\$	11,485	\$	526

\$1,390 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30	•	Total
2024	\$	2,588
2025		2,131
2026		2,762
2027		2,088
2028		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	9,569

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increase 3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2023 is 0.9%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2023 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.25%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	((2.00%)		(3.00%)		(4.00%)	
County's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(14,103)	\$	(19,965)	\$	(24,900)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2022, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2021.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$3,745,344	n/a	\$ (19,965)	\$ 3,725,379
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.06639%	n/a	0.15079%	n/a
Total pension liability	n/a	\$ 606,283	n/a	\$ 606,283
Pension expense	\$1,023,241	\$ 88,181	\$ 3,430	\$1,114,852

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 161,383	\$ 68,710	\$ 154	\$ 230,247
Change in assumptions	373,701	103,148	1,057	477,906
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	1,237,875	-	8,298	1,246,173
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	41,692	-	586	42,278
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	694,221	8,674	1,390	704,285
Total	\$ 2,508,872	\$ 180,532	\$ 11,485	\$ 2,700,889
Deferred Inflows of Resources	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,823	\$ 1,812	\$ 362	\$ 17,997
Change in assumptions	-	127,362	-	127,362
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	-	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	94,440	-	164	94,604
Total	\$ 110,263	\$ 129,174	\$ 526	\$ 239,963

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description

Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). This plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System). A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Benefits

The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits for retirees who began working for the County on or before October 16, 2006. The cost of coverage is prorated for full cost of coverage for these benefits. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates until the retiree reaches age sixty-five and then Medicare assumes coverage. All full-time employees whose effective state date is on or after July 1, 2015 that qualify for retiree health insurance in accordance with adopted policies will not receive County insurance benefits after becoming eligible for Medicare. The Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions.

Effective January 1, 2016, all retirees upon reaching Medicare age or the age of 65 that were employed prior to October 16, 2006, shall have their insurance transferred to a Medicare gap plan that is substantially similar to the health insurance coverage offered at that time by the County.

	C	D 1	.,	C 114 1 1	<i>-</i> .
(Alinty	Contributions	Raced on	Years of	(reditable	Service
Country	COLLE IDUCTOLIS	Dasca Oii	i Cai 3 Oi	CICUITADIC	

,						
	Date Hired					
	On or Before	After				
Years of Creditable Service	October 16, 2006	October 16, 2006				
Less than 5	Not eligible	Not eligible				
Less than 10	100.00%	Not eligible				
Between 10 and 14	100.00%	75.00%				
Between 15 and 19	100.00%	93.75%				
20 years or more	100.00%	100.00%				

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	43
Active employees	109
Total	152

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$10,414,184, was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

Discount rate

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

3.54 percent

Discourie race	3.3 i percent
Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	.75 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	General employees - 3.25%-8.41%
	Fire fighters - 3.25%-8.15%
	Law enforcement officers -3.25%-7.9%
Healthcare cost trends	Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 7.00% for
	2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031;
	Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 5.125% for 2021
	decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2024

The discount rate is based on the Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability					
Total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2021	\$	12,421,753			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		467,099			
Interest		269,888			
Difference between expected and actual experience		517,170			
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		(2,469,465)			
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit		(792,261)			
Net changes	\$	(2,007,569)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	10,414,184			

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54 percent) or on percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.54%)		Discount Rate (3.54%)		1% Increase (4.54%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	12,123,684	\$	10,414,184	\$	9,042,193

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
	(Pre-Medicare 6%;		(Pre	-Medicare 7%;	; (Pre-Medicare 89			
	Medicare 4.125%)		4.125%) Medicare 5.125%)		Medicare 5.125%)		Medicare 6.125	
		_		_		_		
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,817,614	\$	10,414,184	\$	12,443,932		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$342,224. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
		icources	- Nesources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	434,324	\$ 907,806
Change in assumptions		1,667,272	2,362,279
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		236,109	-
Total	\$	2,337,705	\$ 3,270,085

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

\$236,109 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments and administrative expense incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30		Total
2024	\$	(380,748)
2025		(246,831)
2026		(176,679)
2027		(8,017)
2028		(311,697)
Thereafter		(44,517)
Total	\$ ((1,168,489)

Note 10-Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Note 11-Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

	Government- Wide Statement	
Source	of Net Position	
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year	\$	695,611
Benefit payments/administration costs paid for LEOSSA subsequent to the measurement date		8,674
Benefit payments/administration costs paid for OPEB subsequent to the measurement date		236,109
Differences between expected and actual experience		664,571
Changes of assumptions		2,145,178
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,246,173
Change in proportion and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		42,278
Total	\$	5,038,594

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

			G	overnment-	
	Gov	ernmental	Wide Statement		
Source	Funds		of	of Net Position	
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	\$	72,984	\$	72,984	
EMS receivable, net (General)		136,605		-	
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net (General)		275,543		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		925,803	
Changes of assumptions		-		2,489,641	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		-		-	
Change in proportion and difference between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		94,604	
Total	\$	485,132	\$	3,583,032	
	·			·	

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12-Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners Joint Risk Management Agency.

Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence (some members purchase higher limits), auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the North Carolina statutory limits.

All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request.

Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of a \$500,000 retention up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers' compensation.

Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsured for \$2,000,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$500,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$998 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state public entity captive.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, County employees who have access to \$100 or more of the County's funds at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial crime coverage with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. Individuals holding positions requiring statutory bonds are covered elsewhere.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13-Long-term Obligations

Leases

The County has entered into an agreement to lease certain equipment. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The first agreement was executed in July 2021 to lease landfill equipment and requires 38 monthly payments of \$3,179. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2.00%, which is the stated rate in the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use lease asset with a net book value of \$43,267 at June 30, 2023.

The second agreement was executed in August 2018 to lease office space for social services in a building and requires 120 monthly payments of \$4,100. There are no variable components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2.00%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right to use lease asset with a net book value of \$229,450.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ending	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities				
June 30	Principal	Interest Principa		Interest			
2024	\$ 44,932	\$ 4,268	\$37,612	\$	535		
2025	45,839	3,361	6,343		16		
2026	46,764	2,436	-		-		
2027	47,708	1,492	-		-		
2028	48,672	529	-		-		
Total	\$233,915	\$12,086	\$43,955	\$	551		

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	_	Beginning Balance, as restated		Increases/ Issuances	 Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Direct borrowings and direct placements	\$	3,412,927	\$	-	\$ (814,515) \$	2,598,412
Lease liabilities		277,958		-	(44,043)	233,915
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		645,972		101,526	(141,215)	606,283
Net pension liability (LGERS)		961,577		3,180,130	(489,714)	3,651,993
Compensated absences		354,787		324,175	(266,090)	412,872
Total OPEB liability	_	12,108,725		1,222,051	 (3,183,195)	10,147,581
Total	\$_	17,761,946	\$_	4,827,882	\$ (4,938,772) \$	17,651,056

Note 13-Long-term Obligations (Continued)

<u>Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations</u> (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Dire	Direct Borrowings and placements						
June 30,		Principal	I	nterest				
2024	\$	621,286	\$	41,958				
2025		583,488		29,315				
2026		268,797		17,713				
2027		248,363		13,533				
2028		238,147		9,352				
2029-2033		638,331		8,289				
Totals	\$	2,598,412	\$	120,160				

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue			mount Due nin One Year
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:	_						
Blue Ridge Library	0.00%	10/20/2016	2027	\$ 306,525	\$	102,173	\$ 30,652
School Construction	1.97%	12/22/2009	2025	3,339,585		445,278	222,639
School Construction	5.29%	12/16/2010	2025	418,230		59,747	29,874
Safety Training/Glade Creek	2.51%	4/10/2013	2029	847,176		282,392	56,478
Ambulance/EMS Vehicle	3.63%	6/7/2019	2024	183,943		39,219	39,219
Building Improvements	3.07%	6/20/2019	2030	900,000		630,000	90,000
Equipment and Vehicles	2.34%	12/12/2019	2025	297,000		122,936	60,757
QZAB School Improvements	0.00%	10/20/2017	2033	1,375,000		916,667	91,667
Total direct borrowings and direct placements					\$	2,598,412	\$ 621,286
Other Obligations:							
Lease liabilities					\$	233,915	\$ 44,932
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)						606,283	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)						3,651,993	-
Compensated absences						412,872	309,654
Total OPEB liability						10,147,581	-
Total other obligations					\$	15,052,644	\$ 354,586
Total long-term obligations					\$	17,651,056	\$ 975,872

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a FIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Note 13-Long-term Obligations (Continued)

<u>Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations</u> (Continued)

All of the County's direct borrowing installment purchases are secured by pledges of collateral for the properly acquired by the financing.

As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County financed a construction project for Alleghany county Board of Education during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996 by installment purchase. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust which requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County has entered into a lease with Alleghany County Board of Education which transfers the rights and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education.

Primary Government-Business-type Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases/ Issuances	 Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$	25,139	\$	70,960	\$ (2,748) \$	93,351
Compensated absences		15,431		16,576	(11,573)	20,434
Lease liabilities		80,823		-	(36,868)	43,955
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs		4,818		29,814	-	34,632
Total OPEB liability	_	313,028		37,075	 (83,500)	266,603
Total	\$_	439,239	\$_	154,425	\$ (134,689) \$	458,975

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total	An	nount Due
	Amount	With	in One Year
Other Obligations:			_
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$ 93,351	\$	-
Compensated absences	20,434		15,326
Lease liabilities	43,955		37,612
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs	34,632		-
Total OPEB liability	266,603		-
Total other obligations	\$ 458,975	\$	52,938
Total long-term obligations	\$ 458,975	\$	52,938

Note 14-Post-Closure Care Costs-Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The \$34,632 reported as landfill postclosure care liability at June 30, 2023 represents an estimate of present value of the costs to monitor and maintain the closed facility for the next 30 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County expects to fund post-closure care costs as they are incurred from the operations of the Landfill Fund. However, if operating results are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or by future tax revenues.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under State and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

Note 15-Interfund Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2023 as noted below:

Transfers In	Transfers Out
\$1,222,353	\$ 1,180,784
-	-
-	132,391
886,095	-
286,343	1,081,616
\$2,394,791	\$ 2,394,791
	\$1,222,353 - - 886,095 286,343

Note 16-Restatement of beginning balances

The following restatement was made to correct lease liabilities and assets for fiscal year 2022.

570
289
958)
901

Note 17-Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, enhances the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, *Implementation Guidance Update*—2021, with dates ranging from reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2023-1, *Implementation Guidance Update*—2023, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
Primary G	overnment				
2023	0.06639% \$	3,745,344 \$	5,334,675	70.21%	84.14%
2022	0.06434%	986,716	4,716,708	20.92%	92.00%
2021	0.07215%	2,578,227	5,306,689	48.58%	94.18%
2020	0.07339%	2,004,224	4,835,063	41.45%	91.47%
2019	0.07064%	1,675,822	4,048,445	41.39%	98.09%
2018	0.06704%	1,024,185	3,821,214	26.80%	98.79%
2017	0.06400%	1,358,294	3,632,539	37.39%	102.64%
2016	0.06249%	280,451	3,552,484	7.89%	94.35%
2015	0.06033%	(355,794)	3,455,839	-10.30%	98.22%
2014	0.06280%	756,981	3,362,242	22.51%	96.45%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Employer Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
2023	\$ 694,221	\$	694,221	\$	-	\$	5,682,301	12.22%
2022	602,725		602,725		-		5,334,675	11.30%
2021	482,183		482,183		-		4,716,708	10.22%
2020	458,083		458,083		-		5,306,689	8.63%
2019	362,087		362,087		-		4,835,063	7.49%
2018	309,545		309,545		-		4,048,445	7.65%
2017	279,302		279,302		-		3,821,214	7.31%
2016	243,604		243,604		-		3,632,539	6.71%
2015	243,788		243,788		-		3,552,484	6.86%
2014	241,905		241,905		-		3,455,839	7.00%

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	 2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 645,972 \$	632,418 \$	393,460	\$ 345,99	7 \$	343,028 \$	308,408 \$	317,365
Changes for the year:								
Service Cost	44,741	42,995	26,065	20,30	7	19,805	15,191	15,532
Interest on the total pension liability	14,402	12,025	12,510	12,25	3	10,401	11,369	10,834
Differences between expected and actual experience in the								
measurement of the total pension liability	42,383	(2,596)	39,674	20,87	4	15,101	16,063	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(129,448)	(20,143)	180,156	12,75	6	(14,570)	19,765	(7,555)
Benefit payments	(11,767)	(18,727)	(19,447)	(18,72	7)	(27,768)	(27,768)	(27,768)
Net changes	(39,689)	13,554	238,958	47,46	3	2,969	34,620	(8,957)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 606,283 \$	645,972 \$	632,418	\$ 393,46	0 \$	345,997 \$	343,028 \$	308,408
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,095,837 \$	997,504 \$	990,047	\$ 793,28	6 \$	701,478 \$	599,223 \$	587,782
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	55.33%	64.76%	63.88%	49.6	0%	49.32%	57.25%	52.47%

 $^{^{\}star}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

 $Schedule\ is\ intended\ to\ show\ information\ for\ 10\ years.\ Additional\ years\ will\ be\ included\ as\ they\ become\ available.$

Schedule A-4
Alleghany County, North Carolina
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

edule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (As Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
2023	0.15079% \$	(19,965)	\$	139.04%
2022	0.15507%	(29,794)		156.53%
2021	0.15268%	(34,991)		173.62%
2020	0.14320%	(28,271)		162.50%
2019	0.15004%	(24,851)		153.31%
2018	0.14677%	(25,052)		153.77%
2017	0.14815%	(27,698)		160.17%
2016	0.15224%	(35,280)		197.29%
2015	0.15192%	(34,434)		193.88%
2014	0.14630%	(31,250)		190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Employer Contributions Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Date	ı	ntractually Required Intribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)
2023	\$	1,390 \$	1,390	\$ -
2022		1,693	1,693	-
2021		1,861	1,861	-
2020		1,461	1,461	-
2019		1,481	1,481	-
2018		1,276	1,276	-
2017		1,163	1,163	-
2016		1,210	1,210	-
2015		1,218	1,218	-
2014		1,240	1,240	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance

Last Six Fiscal Years*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	 					
Service cost	\$ 467,099 \$	542,198 \$	379,842 \$	422,831 \$	443,280 \$	492,027
Interest	269,888	274,512	341,551	392,293	361,631	320,613
Differences between expected and actual experience	517,170	(598,517)	(6,832)	(1,163,028)	4,860	326
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	(2,469,465)	598,472	2,206,831	(45,102)	(542,706)	(967,256)
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	(792,261)	(545,126)	(297,312)	(327,881)	(353,368)	(325,585)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (2,007,569) \$	271,539 \$	2,624,080 \$	(720,887) \$	(86,303) \$	(479,875)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	12,421,753	12,150,214	9,526,134	10,247,021	10,333,324	10,813,199
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 10,414,184 \$	12,421,753 \$	12,150,214 \$	9,526,134 \$	10,247,021 \$	10,333,324
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,015,387 \$	4,015,387 \$	4,169,340 \$	4,169,340 \$	3,685,961 \$	3,685,961
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	259.36%	309.35%	291.42%	228.48%	278.00%	280.34%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Schedule

6/30/2021 6/30/2022 Valuation Date: Measurement Date:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Entry age normal level % of salary
3.54%
2.50%
0.75%
3.25%
General employees - 3.25%-8.41%
Fire fighters - 3.25%-8.15%
Law enforcement officers -3.25%-7.9%
Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 7.00% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate
rate of 4.50% by 2031
Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 5.125% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate
of 4.50% by 2024
The average age at retirement is 62
Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational
mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Consolidated

Ad valorem taxes \$ 12,061,123 \$			General Fund	R	Revaluation Fund		Register of eds Automation nd Preservation Fund		Total eneral Fund onsolidated
Other taxes 4,248,889	REVENUES	¢	12 064 122	Ļ		¢		ċ	12 061 122
Numestricted intergovernmental 71,716		\$		\$	-	þ	-	þ	
Restricted intergovernmental 2,642,818 - 2,642,818 Permits and fees 226,183 - 226,183 Sales and services 978,388 - 978,388 Investment earnings 94,837 - 94,837 Miscellaneous 513,047 - 513,047 Total revenues 520,837,001 - 520,837,001 EXPENDITURES Current General government administration 3,496,203 \$29,693 \$7,469 \$3,533,365 Public safety 5,518,345 - - 55,18,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 - - 3,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 3,341,746 Education 2,913,664 - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - - 6,524 Principal retirement \$858,558 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 925,082 Total debt service \$925,082 \$ 7					-		-		
Permits and fees 226,183 . . 226,183 Sales and services 978,388 . . 978,388 Investment earnings 44,837 . . 49,837 Miscellaneous 513,047 . . 513,047 Total revenues \$ 20,837,001 \$. \$. \$ 20,837,001 EXPENDITURES Current General government administration \$ 3,496,203 \$ 29,693 \$. 7,469 \$ 3,533,365 Public safety \$ 5,518,345 . . . 5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 . . . 3,583,889 Human services 3,391,416 . . 3,391,416 Cuttural and recreational 341,794 . . 3,41794 Education 2,913,664 . . 2,913,664 Debt service \$ 858,558 \$. \$. \$ 858,558 Interest and fees .66,524 .			,		-		-		,
Sales and services 978,388 978,388 Investment earnings 94,837 94,837 Miscellaneous 513,047 513,047 Total revenues 20,837,001 \$20,837,001 EXPENDITURES Current General government administration \$3,496,203 \$29,693 \$7,469 \$3,533,365 Public safety \$5,518,345 \$5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 \$5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 \$38,349 Human services 3,391,416 33,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 341,794 Education \$2,913,664 \$ \$5,858,588 Interest and fees 66,524 \$ \$2,925,082 Total debt service \$2,925,082 \$2,96	_				-		-		
Niscellaneous 94,837					-		-		
Miscellaneous 513,047 . 513,047 Total revenues \$ 20,837,001 \$. \$ 20,837,001 EXPENDITURES Current General government administration \$ 3,496,203 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 3,533,365 Public safety \$ 5,518,345 . . \$ 5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 . . . 3383,898 Human services 3,391,416 . . . 3341,794 Education 2,913,664 . . . 3,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 . . . 3,391,416 Debt service 2,913,664 . . . 2,913,664 Debt service . <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>•</td></t<>			•		-		-		•
State Stat	_		•		-		-		,
EXPENDITURES Current Current Sa,496,203 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 3,533,365 Public safety 5,518,345 - - 5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 - - - 388,389 Human services 3,391,416 - - - 3,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - - 3,41,794 Education 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - - - - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <		<u> </u>		ċ	<u>-</u>	ċ	-	ċ	
Current General government administration \$ 3,496,203 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 3,533,365 Public safety 5,518,345 - - 5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 - - 388,389 Human services 3,391,416 - - 3391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 341,794 Education 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - 2,913,664 - - - - - - <td< th=""><th>Total revenues</th><th>_\$</th><th>20,837,001</th><th>\</th><th>-</th><th>\$</th><th>-</th><th>\$</th><th>20,837,001</th></td<>	Total revenues	_\$	20,837,001	\	-	\$	-	\$	20,837,001
General government administration \$ 3,496,203 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 3,533,365 Public safety 5,518,345 - - 5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 - - 388,389 Human services 3,391,416 - - 3,391,479 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 341,794 Education 2,913,664 - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - 2,913,664 Principal retirement \$ 858,558 \$ - \$ 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 \$ - \$ 66,524 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out \$ (1,180,784) -	EXPENDITURES								
Public safety 5,518,345 - - 5,518,345 Economic and physical development 388,389 - 388,389 Human services 3,391,416 - - 3,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 341,794 Education 2,913,664 - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - 858,558 Interest and fees 66,524 - - 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 \$ - \$ - \$ 925,082 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) - - (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - - 4,879 Total other financing sour	Current								
Economic and physical development 388,389 - - 388,389 Human services 3,391,416 - - 3,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 341,794 Education 2,913,664 - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - 2,913,664 Principal retirement \$ 858,558 - \$ \$ 858,558 Interest and fees 66,524 - - 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 \$ - \$ 925,082 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out \$ (1,180,784) - - (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - - 4,879 Total other financing sour	General government administration	\$	3,496,203	\$	29,693	\$	7,469	\$	3,533,365
Economic and physical development 388,389 - - 388,389 Human services 3,391,416 - - 3,391,416 Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 341,794 Education 2,913,664 - - 2,913,664 Debt service - - - 2,913,664 Principal retirement \$ 858,558 - \$ \$ 858,558 Interest and fees 66,524 - - 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 \$ - \$ 925,082 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out \$ (1,180,784) - - (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - - 4,879 Total other financing sour	Public safety		5,518,345		-		· -		5,518,345
Cultural and recreational 341,794 - - 341,794 Education 2,913,664 - - 2,913,664 Debt service Principal retirement \$ 858,558 \$ - \$ 858,558 Interest and fees 66,524 - - 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 \$ - \$ 925,082 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) - - (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - - 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 8,77 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775	Economic and physical development				-		-		
Education 2,913,664 - 2,913,664 Debt service Principal retirement \$ 858,558 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.	Human services		3,391,416		-		-		
Debt service Principal retirement \$ 858,558 \$ - \$ - \$ 858,558 Interest and fees 66,524 - \$ 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 - \$ - \$ 925,082 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) - \$ (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - \$ 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Cultural and recreational		341,794		-		-		341,794
Principal retirement \$ 858,558 \$ - \$ 66,524 Interest and fees 66,524 - \$ 66,524 Total debt service \$ 925,082 \$ - \$ 925,082 Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Education		2,913,664		-		-		2,913,664
Interest and fees	Debt service								
Interest and fees	Principal retirement	\$	858,558	\$	-	\$	-	\$	858,558
Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) - \$ (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - \$ 3,4879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Interest and fees		66,524		-		-		66,524
Total expenditures \$ 16,974,893 \$ 29,693 \$ 7,469 \$ 17,012,055 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 3,4879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Total debt service	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Total expenditures				29,693		7,469		
over (under) expenditures \$ 3,862,108 \$ (29,693) \$ (7,469) \$ 3,824,946 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$	3,862,108	\$	(29,693)	\$	(7,469)	\$	3,824,946
Transfers in \$ 1,214,007 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 1,222,353 Transfers out (1,180,784) (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out (1,180,784) - - (1,180,784) Sale of capital assets 4,879 - - 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926		\$	1 214 007	ς	_	ς	8 346	ς	1 222 353
Sale of capital assets 4,879 - - 4,879 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926		*			_	7	,	~	
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 38,102 \$ - \$ 8,346 \$ 46,448 Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926					_		_		
Net change in fund balances \$ 3,900,210 \$ (29,693) \$ 877 \$ 3,871,394 Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	•	\$		ς	-	ς	8 346	ς	
Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Total other imaneing sources (uses)		30, 102	۲		7	0,540	٠,	10,770
Fund balances - beginning 8,945,775 45,239 76,912 9,067,926	Net change in fund balances	\$	3,900,210	\$	(29,693)	\$	877	\$	3,871,394
	Fund balances - beginning	•	8,945,775				76,912		
		\$	12,845,985	\$	15,546	\$		\$	12,939,320

Schedule B-2

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

	Budgatas	- A	a.unta				riance with inal Budget Positive
	 Budgeted Original	J AIII	Final	-	Actual		Negative)
REVENUES	 Original		T IIIQI		Actual	<u> </u>	itegutive)
Ad valorem taxes:							
Taxes	\$ 11,198,616	\$	11,198,616	\$	11,990,474	\$	791,858
Penalties and interest	55,075		55,075		70,649		15,574
Total	\$ 11,253,691	\$	11,253,691	\$	12,061,123	\$	807,432
Other taxes:							
Local option sales taxes	\$ 2,793,300	\$	3,409,450	\$	4,161,780	\$	752,330
Deed stamp excise tax	160,000		160,000		-		(160,000)
PEG revenue	 86,000		86,000		87,109		1,109
Total	\$ 3,039,300	\$	3,655,450	\$	4,248,889	\$	593,439
Unrestricted intergovernmental:							
Beer and wine taxes	\$ 41,000	\$	41,000	\$	41,842	\$	842
Contribution from Alleghany Board of Education	 29,873		29,873		29,874		1
Total	\$ 70,873	\$	70,873	\$	71,716	\$	843
Restricted intergovernmental:							
Federal and state grants	\$ 2,601,569	\$	2,641,545	\$	2,642,818	\$	1,273
Total	\$ 2,601,569	\$	2,641,545	\$	2,642,818	\$	1,273
Permits and fees:							
Register and Deed's fees	\$ 75,000	\$	75,000	\$	65,304	\$	(9,696)
Beer and wine permits	1,250		1,250		1,675		425
Building and inspector fees	100,000		100,000		144,268		44,268
Fire inspector fees	3,500		3,500		870		(2,630)
Pistol permits	14,500		14,500		13,167		(1,333)
Other permits and fees	 2,750		2,750		899		(1,851)
Total	\$ 197,000	\$	197,000	\$	226,183	\$	29,183
Sales and services:							
Boarding of prisoners	\$ 128,000	\$	•	\$	188,224	\$	60,224
Facility fees	9,000		9,000		12,379		3,379
Officer fees	24,400		26,299		30,315		4,016
Jail fees	36,500		36,600		41,304		4,704
Rents and concessions	60,106		60,106		59,854		(252)
Tag office revenues	50,500		50,500		57,086		6,586
Recreation fees Ambulance fees	17,350 398,000		17,350 398,000		15,294 573,932		(2,056) 175,932
Total	\$ 723,856	\$	725,855	\$	978,388	\$	252,533
Investment earnings:	\$ 1,200	\$	6,700	\$	94,837	\$	88,137
Total	\$ 1,200	\$	6,700	\$	94,837	\$	88,137
·	 .,230	7	3,.30	7	, .,,	т′	-5,.5.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

		Pudgotos	d A.m.	ounts			riance with inal Budget Positive
		Budgeted Original	J AIII	Final	-	Actual	Negative)
REVENUES (Continued)		Original		i iiidi.		Accuai	 inegative)
Miscellaneous:							
ABC Store profit-regular	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	6,674	\$ (25,326)
Reimbursements		338,812		338,812		351,647	12,835
Contributions		28,291		39,019		24,162	(14,857)
Miscellaneous		110,300		145,603		111,930	(33,673)
Payments in lieu of tax		16,000		16,000		18,634	2,634
Total	\$	525,403	\$	571,434	\$	513,047	\$ (58,387)
Total revenues	\$	18,412,892	\$	19,122,548	\$	20,837,001	\$ 1,714,453
EXPENDITURES							
General government administration:							
Governing body	\$	94,662	\$	90,718	\$	86,388	\$ 4,330
Administration		368,309		368,455		293,145	75,310
Finance		325,979		330,630		328,822	1,808
Elections		188,937		191,894		179,156	12,738
Planning/Economic development		165,726		166,701		160,189	6,512
Tax administration		504,598		504,598		492,761	11,837
Mapping		94,113		96,210		95,810	400
Court facilities		5,700		7,527		7,527	-
Register of deeds		285,009		286,208		265,970	20,238
Public buildings		682,935		703,578		716,452	(12,874)
Transportation		170,429		170,426		166,943	3,483
Tag office		51,322		51,322		51,307	15
Insurance		471,225		481,353		466,530	14,823
Other general government		194,466		186,402		185,203	1,199
Total general government administration	\$	3,603,410	\$	3,636,022	\$	3,496,203	\$ 139,819
Public safety:							
Sheriff	\$	2,202,480	\$	2,133,278	\$	2,147,200	\$ (13,922)
Roaring Gap deputies		146,834		147,298		146,926	372
Jail		1,033,450		1,144,458		1,114,752	29,706
Dispatchers		471,450		471,576		337,273	134,303
Animal control		73,500		73,805		73,304	501
Fire and rescue		181,024		181,024		168,429	12,595
Emergency management		84,870		89,318		190,286	(100,968)
Ambulance service		1,109,415		1,225,027		1,188,206	36,821
Inspections	_	157,845		157,845		151,969	 5,876
Total public safety	\$	5,460,868	\$	5,623,629	\$	5,518,345	\$ 105,284
Economic and physical development:						,	
Agricultural extension	\$	188,323	\$	188,323	\$	181,063	\$ 7,260
Soil and water conservation		179,010		179,904		123,992	55,912
Special appropriations		46,000		46,000		46,000	-
Economic development		37,334		37,334		37,334	 <u> </u>
Total economic and physical development	\$	450,667	\$	451,561	\$	388,389	\$ 63,172

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

		Do do oto o	1 4					riance with
		Budgeted Original	1 AM	ounts Final	•	Actual		Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		Original		FIIIdi		ACLUAI		negative)
Human services:								
Health	\$	288,265	\$	288,894	\$	288,894	Ś	-
Mental health	*	60,000	*	60,000	*	60,000	*	_
Social services administration		2,056,514		2,066,691		1,936,544		130,147
Other social services		1,420,262		1,420,025		892,151		527,874
Veterans administration		49,210		49,244		49,201		43
Contributions to other agencies		155,978		164,626		164,626		-
Total human services	\$	4,030,229	\$	4,049,480	\$	3,391,416	\$	658,064
Cultural and recreational:								
Recreation	\$	162,662	\$	180,715	\$	144,728	\$	35,987
Libraries		185,066		185,066		185,066		-
Other cultural and recreational		12,000		12,000		12,000		-
Total cultural and recreational	\$	359,728	\$	377,781	\$	341,794	\$	35,987
Education:								
Public schools-current expense	\$	2,647,156	\$	2,647,156	\$	2,647,156	\$	-
Community-based alternatives		83,729		83,729		81,645		2,084
Wilkes Community College		184,863		184,863		184,863		-
Total education	\$	2,915,748	\$	2,915,748	\$	2,913,664	\$	2,084
Nondepartmental:								
Contingencies	\$	200,000	\$	201,606	\$	-	\$	201,606
Total nondepartmental	\$	200,000	\$	201,606	\$	-	\$	201,606
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	809,620	\$	810,978	\$	858,558	\$	(47,580)
Interest and fees		64,908		64,908		66,524		(1,616)
Total debt service	\$	874,528	\$	875,886	\$	925,082	\$	(49,196)
Total expenditures	\$	17,895,178	\$	18,131,713	\$	16,974,893	\$	1,156,820
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	517,714	\$	990,835	\$	3,862,108	\$	2,871,273
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,214,007	\$	1,214,007
Transfers out		(517,714)		(1,017,714)		(1,180,784)		(163,070)
Sale of capital assets		-		-		4,879		4,879
Appropriated fund balance		-		26,879		-		(26,879)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(517,714)	\$	(990,835)	\$	38,102	\$	1,028,937
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,900,210	\$	3,900,210
Fund balance - beginning						8,945,775		
Fund balance - ending					\$	12,845,985		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Revaluation Fund

		Budgeted	l Am			Astori	Fin	iance with nal Budget Positive
DEVENUES		Priginal		Final		Actual	(1	legative)
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	-
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	96,089	\$	96,089	\$	29,693	\$	66,396
Total expenditures	\$	96,089	\$	96,089	\$	29,693	\$	66,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(96,089)	\$	(96,089)	\$	(29,693)	\$	66,396
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	(50,000)
Appropriated fund balance		46,089		46,089		-		(46,089)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	96,089	\$	96,089	\$	-	\$	(96,089)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(29,693)	\$	(29,693)
Fund balance - beginning						45,239		
Fund balance - ending				•	Ś	15,546		
				;	<u> </u>	,		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Register of Deeds Automation and Preservation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			riance with nal Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES	'						
General government administration	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$ 7,469	\$	5,031
Total expenditures	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$ 7,469	\$	5,031
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	(12,500)	\$	(12,500)	\$ (7,469)	\$	5,031
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$ 8,346	\$	(4,154)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$ 8,346	\$	(4,154)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 877	\$	877
Fund balance - beginning					76,912		
Fund balance - ending				•	\$ 77,789		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Courthouse Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Project :horization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	ı	Project to Date	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 3,180	\$ 28,620	\$	31,800	\$	(1,968,200)
Total revenues	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 3,180	\$ 28,620	\$	31,800	\$	(1,968,200)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 3,180	\$ 28,620	\$	31,800	\$	1,968,200
Total expenditures	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 3,180	\$ 28,620	\$	31,800	\$	1,968,200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u> _

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Pool Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Project horization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	P	roject to Date	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							_
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 15,990	\$	15,990	\$	(384,010)
Total revenues	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 15,990	\$	15,990	\$	(384,010)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 15,990	\$	15,990	\$	384,010
Total expenditures	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 15,990	\$	15,990	\$	384,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total
ASSETS		224 522				0 407 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	881,523	\$	1,546,416	\$	2,427,939
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		26,539		-		26,539
Accounts receivable		155,455		-		155,455
Restricted assets:		27 204				27.204
Cash and cash equivalents	_	27,381	_			27,381
Total assets	\$	1,090,898	\$	1,546,416	\$	2,637,314
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	291,236	Ś	13,512	Ś	304,748
Accrued salaries	*	3,073	Ψ.	-	*	3,073
Unearned revenue		114,800		100,000		214,800
Total liabilities	\$	409,109	\$	113,512	\$	522,621
		,		,	· ·	,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable	\$	19,526	\$	-	\$	19,526
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Stabilization by State Statute	\$	162,468	\$	-	\$	162,468
Emergency Telephone System		196,380		-		196,380
Other		27,381		-		27,381
Recreation		-		98,364		98,364
Assigned		319,440		1,334,540		1,653,980
Unassigned		(43,406)		<u>-</u>		(43,406)
Total fund balances	\$	662,263	\$	1,432,904	\$	2,095,167
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resrouces, and fund balances	\$	1,090,898	\$	1,546,416	\$	2,637,314

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 903,902	\$ -	\$ 903,902
Other taxes	243,606	-	243,606
Restricted intergovernmental	2,011,078	36,594	2,047,672
Permits and fees	19,677	-	19,677
Service and fees	38,960	-	38,960
Miscellaneous	 106,582	-	106,582
Total revenues	\$ 3,323,805	\$ 36,594	\$ 3,360,399
EXPENDITURES			
General government administration	\$ 684,592	\$ -	\$ 684,592
Public safety	1,072,584	-	1,072,584
Economic and physical development	6,827	-	6,827
Environmental protection	(644)	-	(644)
Human services	370,715	-	370,715
Capital outlay	243,289	681,740	925,029
Total expenditures	\$ 2,377,363	\$ 681,740	\$ 3,059,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	\$ 946,442	\$ (645,146)	\$ 301,296
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	\$ 286,343	\$ 886,095	\$ 1,172,438
Transfers out	(1,214,007)	-	(1,214,007)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (927,664)	\$ 886,095	\$ (41,569)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 18,778	\$ 240,949	\$ 259,727
Fund balances - beginning	643,485	1,191,955	1,835,440
Fund balances - ending	\$ 662,263	\$ 1,432,904	\$ 2,095,167

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2023

					Emergency Telephone			Representative		Deed of	Fire	Fines and	Opioid	DPS Law Law Enforcement			
	Trar	Transportation Fairgrounds Fund Fund	Fairgrounds Fund	Drug Fund	System		Water Fund	Payee Fund	Earthquake Fund	Trust Fund	Tax Fund	Forefeitures Fund	Settlement Fund	Grant Fund	ARPA Fund		Total
ASSETS																	
Cash and cash equivalents	s	287,261 \$	21,783 \$		136	196,387 \$	727 \$	35,586 \$	156,009 \$	17,709 \$	47,460	\$ 3,003	\$ 114,480	\$ 1,118		s	881,523
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):																	
Taxes receivable											26,539		•		•		26,539
Accounts receivable		20,751			1	10,013			124,691					•			155,455
Restricted assets:																	
Cash and cash equivalents				27,381											•		27,381
Total assets	s	308,012 \$	21,783 \$	27,381	306	206,400 \$	727 \$	35,586 \$	280,700 \$	17,709 \$	73,999	\$ 3,003	\$ 114,480	\$ 1,118 \$		\$	1,090,898
I A BILITIES																	
Accounts payable	s	20,208 \$	3,051 \$			2 \$		•	199,415 \$	17,709 \$	47,045	\$ 3,003	s	\$ 862 \$		s	291,236
Accrued salaries		3,073									٠	٠	٠		•		3,073
Unearned revenue													114,480	320			114,800
Total liabilities	s	23,281 \$	3,051 \$			\$ 2	\$.	\$ -	199,415 \$	17,709 \$	47,045	\$ 3,003	\$ 114,480	\$ 1,118 \$		\$	409,109
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																	
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable	s		\$			<i>ب</i>		\$	\$	٠.	19,526			s .		s	19,526
FUND BALANCES																	
Stricted.		20.754	•		,		·		5 707 707		400				,	·	077 674
Stabilization by state statute	•				2 6	ر دار)دا د دادر)د	•		¢ 140,471		210,,		•	•		•	102,400
Emergency Tetephone System					8	190,300											196,580
Other				185,72													7,381
Assigned		263,980	18,732				727	35,586			415						319,440
Unassigned									(43,406)				•		•		(43,406)
Total fund balances	s	284,731 \$	18,732 \$	27,381	206	206,393 \$	727 \$	35,586 \$	81,285 \$	\$.	7,428	. \$. \$	\$.		\$	662,263
Total liabilities and fund balances	v	2000000	21 783 ¢	77 381	306	3 000 300	2 707	2 703 30	2 007 080	17 709 5	73 000	3 003	11/ /80	1118 0		v	1 090 898

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Telephone	Soil and	Representative		Deed of		Fines and	Opioid	Drs Law Law Enforcement		
	Transp. Ft	Transportation Fairgrounds Fund Fund	airgrounds Fund	Drug Fund	System	Water Fund	Payee Fund	Earthquake Fund	Trust	Fire Tax Fund	Forefeitures Fund	Settlement Fund	Grant Fund	ARPA Fund	Total
REVENUES															
Ad valorem taxes	\$	·	ب	٠.	,		•			\$ 903,902 \$				\$ -	903,902
Other taxes				,	,		٠		243,606						243,606
Restricted intergovernmental		110,670		5,120	120,151		86,956	524,750				10,000	71,815	1,081,616	2,011,078
Permits and fees		. •							19,677						19,677
Service and fees			10,010								28,950				38,960
Miscellaneous		106,582					•								106,582
Total revenues	s	217,252 \$	10,010 \$	5,120 \$	120,151		\$ 86,956	\$ 524,750	\$ 263,283 \$	\$ 903,902 \$	28,950 \$	\$ 10,000	\$ 71,815	\$ 1,081,616 \$	3,323,805
EXPENDITURES															
General government administration	s	٠			'		•	\$ 524,750	\$ 130,892 \$	\$.	28,950			\$	684,592
Public safety				29,822	126,992					800,901			71,815	43,054	1,072,584
Economic and physical development			6,827												6,827
Environmental protection						(644)									(644)
Human services		279,520					81,195					10,000			370,715
Capital outlay														243,289	243,289
Total expenditures	s	279,520 \$	6,827 \$	29,822 \$	126,992	\$ (644)	\$ 81,195	\$ 524,750	\$ 130,892 \$	\$ 800,901 \$	\$ 28,950 \$	\$ 10,000	\$ 71,815	\$ 286,343 \$	2,377,363
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	v	(62,268) \$	3,183 \$	(24,702) \$	(6,841) \$	644	\$ 5,761		\$ 132,391 \$	\$ 103,001 \$				\$ 795,273 \$	946,442
	ú	·	·	v	·	ء	·	·	·		·	4.	ı	3 676 706	500
. Transfers out	•		n ' '	· ·					(132.391)				, ,	(1.081.616)	Ę
	s	\$ -	\$ -				\$	\$	\$ (132,391) \$					\$ (795,273) \$	(927,664)
Net change in fund balances	s	(62,268) \$	3,183 \$			·	\$ 5,761	\$	· · ·	\$ 103,001 \$			•	\$.	18,778
Fund balances - beginning		346,999	15,549		213	83	29,825			(95,573)					643,485
Fund balances - ending	s	284,731 \$	18,732 \$	27,381 \$	206,393	\$ 727	\$ 35,586	\$ 81,285		\$ 7,428 \$				s	662,263

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Fund

		Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	214,266	\$	214,266	\$ 110,670	\$	(103,596)
Miscellaneous		119,500		119,500	106,582		(12,918)
Total revenues	\$	333,766	\$	333,766	\$ 217,252	\$	(116,514)
EXPENDITURES							
Human services	\$	465,694	\$	489,784	\$ 279,520	\$	210,264
Total expenditures	\$	465,694	\$	489,784	\$ 279,520	\$	210,264
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	(131,928)	\$	(156,018)	\$ (62,268)	\$	93,750
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$ -	\$	(2,500)
Appropriated fund balance		129,428		153,518	-		(153,518)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	131,928	\$	156,018	\$ -	\$	(156,018)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (62,268)	\$	(62,268)
Fund balance - beginning	·				346,999		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 284,731		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fairgrounds Fund

	Budgeted	۸m	ounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 	AIII		Actual		
	 riginal		Final	Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES						
Service and fees	\$ 20,000	\$	20,000	\$ 10,010	\$	(9,990)
Total revenues	\$ 20,000	\$	20,000	\$ 10,010	\$	(9,990)
EXPENDITURES						
Economic and physical development	\$ 25,721	\$	25,721	\$ 6,827	\$	18,894
Total expenditures	\$ 25,721	\$	25,721	\$ 6,827	\$	18,894
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$ (5,721)	\$	(5,721)	\$ 3,183	\$	8,904
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 5,721	\$	5,721	\$ -	\$	(5,721)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 5,721	\$	5,721	\$ -	\$	(5,721)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,183	\$	3,183
Fund balance - beginning				15,549		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 18,732	:	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Drug Fund

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	riginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,120	\$	5,120
Total revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,120	\$	5,120
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	\$ 54,105	\$	54,105	\$ 29,822	\$	24,283
Total expenditures	\$ 54,105	\$	54,105	\$ 29,822	\$	24,283
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$ (54,105)	\$	(54,105)	\$ (24,702)	\$	29,403
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 54,105	\$	54,105	\$ -	\$	(54,105)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 54,105	\$	54,105	\$ -	\$	(54,105)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (24,702)	\$	(24,702)
Fund balance - beginning				52,083		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 27,381		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Emergency Telephone System Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	l Am		_		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 226,864	\$	215,093	\$	120,151	\$	(94,942)
Total revenues	\$ 226,864	\$	215,093	\$	120,151	\$	(94,942)
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety							
Implemental functions	\$ 6,000	\$	6,000	\$	4,179	\$	1,821
Telephone	158,007		144,236		58,597		85,639
Software and software maintenance	62,857		64,857		64,216		641
Total public safety	\$ 226,864	\$	215,093	\$	126,992	\$	88,101
Total expenditures	\$ 226,864	\$	215,093	\$	126,992	\$	88,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(6,841)	\$	(6,841)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(6,841)	\$	(6,841)
Fund balance - beginning				=	213,234		
Fund balance - ending				\$	206,393		
-				÷	,		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Soil and Water Fund

		Budgete riginal	d Amo	ounts Final	-	Actual	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive
REVENUES		igiliai		ГПац		Actual	(IVE	gative)
Investment earnings	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ś	-
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES								
Environmental protection	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(644)	\$	644
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(644)	\$	644
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	644	\$	644
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	644	\$	644
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		83		83
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	727	\$	727

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Representative Payee Fund

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts	_		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Or	iginal		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	86,956	\$	86,956
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	86,956	\$	86,956
EXPENDITURES								
Human services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,195	\$	(81,195)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,195	\$	(81,195)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,761	\$	5,761
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,761	\$	5,761
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		29,825		29,825
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,586	\$	35,586

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Earthquake Fund

	-	Budgete iginal	d Amo	ounts Final	<u>-</u>	Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								_
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	329,509	\$	524,750	\$	195,241
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	329,509	\$	524,750	\$	195,241
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	-	\$	329,509	\$	524,750	\$	(195,241)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	329,509	\$	524,750	\$	(195,241)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		81,285		81,285
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,285	\$	81,285

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Deed of Trust Fund

	Budgeted	۸m	ounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 	AIII	Final	Actual		
	 Original		гиа	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Other taxes	\$ 270,000	\$	270,000	\$ 243,606	\$	(26,394)
Permits and fees	118,600		118,600	19,677		(98,923)
Total revenues	\$ 388,600	\$	388,600	\$ 263,283	\$	(125,317)
EXPENDITURES						
General government administration	\$ 151,800	\$	151,800	\$ 130,892	\$	20,908
Total expenditures	\$ 151,800	\$	151,800	\$ 130,892	\$	20,908
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$ 236,800	\$	236,800	\$ 132,391	\$	(104,409)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	\$ (236,800)	\$	(236,800)	\$ (132,391)	\$	104,409
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (236,800)	\$	(236,800)	\$ (132,391)		104,409
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning	-		-	-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fire Tax Fund

	 Budgetec Original	l Am	ounts Final	_	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 849,735	\$	849,735	\$	903,902		54,167
Total revenues	\$ 849,735	\$	849,735	\$	903,902	\$	54,167
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety	\$ 849,735	\$	849,735	\$	800,901	\$	48,834
Total expenditures	\$ 849,735	\$	849,735	\$	800,901	\$	48,834
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	103,001	\$	103,001
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	103,001	\$	103,001
Fund balance - beginning	-		-		(95,573)		(95,573)
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,428	\$	7,428

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fine and Forfeitures Fund

	 Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	-	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	 						
Service and fees	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	28,950	\$	(31,050)
Total revenues	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	28,950	\$	(31,050)
EXPENDITURES							
General government administration	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	28,950	\$	31,050
Total expenditures	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	28,950	\$	31,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning	-		-		-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Opioid Settlement Fund

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts Final	-	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
REVENUES	<u> </u>	iginal		rınaı		Actual	(r	Negative)
Restricted intergovernmental	S	_	\$	36,889	\$	10,000	\$	(26,889)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	36,889	\$	10,000	\$	(26,889)
EXPENDITURES								
Human services	\$	-	\$	36,889	\$	10,000	\$	26,889
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	36,889	\$	10,000	\$	26,889
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts					Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final			Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	72,135	\$	71,815	\$	(320)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	72,135	\$	71,815	\$	(320)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety	\$	-	\$	72,135	\$	71,815	\$	320
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	72,135	\$	71,815	\$	320
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual ARPA Fund

		_		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	1,081,616	\$	1,081,616	\$	1,081,616	\$	
Total revenues	\$	1,081,616	\$	1,081,616	\$	1,081,616	\$	-
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety	\$	-	\$	43,055	\$	43,054	\$	1
Capital outlay		1,081,616		1,046,842		243,289		803,553
Total expenditures	\$	1,081,616	\$	1,089,897	\$	286,343	\$	803,554
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	(8,281)	\$	795,273	\$	803,554
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	286,343	\$	286,343
Transfers out		-		-		(1,081,616)	\$	(1,081,616)
Appropriated fund balance		-		8,281		<u>-</u>	\$	(8,281)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	8,281	\$	(795,273)	\$	(803,554)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2023

		School Capital Project Fund	Re	Outdoor ecreation Capital oject Fund	State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund			Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,348,052	\$	98,364	\$	100,000	\$	1,546,416
Total assets	\$	1,348,052	\$	98,364	\$	100,000	\$	1,546,416
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	13,512	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,512
Unearned revenue		-		-		100,000		100,000
Total liabilities	\$	13,512	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	113,512
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted:			<u>,</u>	00.244	<u>,</u>		,	00.244
Recreation	\$	-	\$	98,364	\$	-	\$	98,364
Assigned		1,334,540		-		-		1,334,540
Total fund balances	\$	1,334,540	\$	98,364	\$	-	\$	1,432,904
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,348,052	\$	98,364	\$	100,000	\$	1,546,416

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	School Capital Project Fund		_	Outdoor Recreation pital Project Fund	State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund			Total
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	=	\$	-	\$	36,594	\$	36,594
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,594	\$	36,594
EXPENDITURES								
Cultural and recreational	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital outlay		645,146		-		36,594		681,740
Total expenditures	\$	645,146	\$	-	\$	36,594	\$	681,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(645,146)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(645,146)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	886,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	886,095
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	886,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	886,095
Net change in fund balances	\$	240,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	240,949
Fund balances - beginning		1,093,591		98,364		-		1,191,955
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,334,540	\$	98,364	\$	-	\$	1,432,904

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Capital Projects Fund

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							_	
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$		
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay								
Education	\$	820,882	\$	820,882	\$ 645,146	\$	175,736	
Total expenditures	\$	820,882	\$	820,882	\$ 645,146	\$	175,736	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(820,882)	\$	(820,882)	\$ (645,146)	\$	175,736	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	517,714	\$	517,714	\$ 886,095	\$	368,381	
Appropriated fund balance		303,168		303,168	-		(303,168)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	820,882	\$	820,882	\$ 886,095	\$	65,213	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 240,949	\$	240,949	
Fund balance - beginning					1,093,591			
Fund balance - ending					\$ 1,334,540	· !		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Project Authorization		Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Project to Date			riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES	·								
Cultural and recreational	\$	143,903	\$	45,539	\$ -	\$	45,539	\$	98,364
Total expenditures	\$	143,903	\$	45,539	\$ -	\$	45,539	\$	98,364
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	\$	(143,903)	\$	(45,539)	\$ -	\$	(45,539)	\$	98,364
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Appropriated fund balance	\$	143,903	\$	143,903	\$ -	\$	143,903	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	143,903	\$	143,903	\$ -	\$	143,903	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	98,364	\$ -	\$	98,364	\$	98,364

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Capital and Infrastructure Fund Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Project Authorization		Prior Years	Actual Current Year	F	Project to Date	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 200,000	\$	63,406	\$ 36,594	\$	100,000	\$	(100,000)
Total revenues	\$ 200,000	\$	63,406	\$ 36,594	\$	100,000	\$	(100,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	\$ 200,000	\$	63,406	\$ 36,594	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Total expenditures	\$ 200,000	\$	63,406	\$ 36,594	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Landfill Fund

		Dudgatad	A					riance with nal Budget Positive
		Budgeted Original	AIII	Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Operating revenues								
Charges for services:								
Solid waste charges	\$	1,122,000	ς	1,212,000	ς	1 282 406	ς	70,406
Restricted intergovernmental:	7	1,122,000	7	1,212,000	Y	1,202, 100	Ÿ	70, 100
Federal and state grants		-		_		2,000		2,000
Total operating revenues	\$	1,122,000	\$	1,212,000	\$	1,284,406	\$	72,406
Nonoperating revenues								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	375	\$	(99,625)
Total nonoperating revenues	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	375	\$	(99,625)
Total Honopolating Ferendes		,		,			<u> </u>	(77,020)
Total revenues	\$	1,222,000	\$	1,312,000	\$	1,284,781	\$	(27,219)
EXPENDITURES								
Landfill operations								
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	207,645	\$	207,225	\$	201,071	\$	6,154
Disposal costs		619,500		705,500		700,141		5,359
Maintenance services		145,100		149,100		42,886		106,214
Capital outlay		91,095		91,070		39,679		51,391
Debt service		158,660		158,685		171,254		(12,569)
Total expenditures	\$	1,222,000	\$	1,311,580	\$	1,155,031	\$	156,549
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	420	\$	129,750	\$	129,330
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Other	\$	-	\$	(420)	\$	-	\$	(420)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	(420)	\$	-	\$	(420)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources								
(uses) over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,750	\$	129,750
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual to Full Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures Reconciling items:	ll Accr	ual):			\$	129,750		
Depreciation						(103,382)		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences						(5,003)		
Principal payments						36,868		
(Increase) decrease in accrued landfill post-closure care cos	sts					(29,814)		
Pension expense						(7,949)		
OPEB expense						7,922	_	
Change in net position					\$	28,392	_	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

				Custodi	al F	unds	
	•	Jail	T	own of	L	ibrary	
	lı	nmate	Sp	arta Tax		Trust	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,070	\$	5,385	\$	39	\$ 6,494
Other receivables		-		7,220		-	7,220
Total assets	\$	1,070	\$	12,605	\$	39	\$ 13,714
LIABILITIES							
Due to other governmental units	\$	-	\$	12,605	\$	-	12,605
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	12,605	\$	-	\$ 12,605
NET POSITION							
Restricted:							
Benefit of the inmates	\$	1,070	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,070
Held in trust		-		-		39	39
Total net position	\$	1,070	\$	-	\$	39	\$ 1,109

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

	Jail	T	own of	Library		
	Inmate	Sp	arta Tax	Trust		
	 Fund		Fund		Fund	Total
ADDITIONS						
Inmate deposits	\$ 49,087	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 49,087
Ad valorem taxes	-		83,930		-	83,930
Total additions	\$ 49,087	\$	83,930	\$	-	\$ 133,017
DEDUCTIONS						
Canteen sales	\$ 36,966	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 36,966
Inmate refunds	12,162		-		-	12,162
Payments to Town of Sparta	-		83,930		-	83,930
Total deductions	\$ 49,128	\$	83,930	\$	-	\$ 133,058
Change in net position	\$ (41)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (41)
Net position - beginning	1,111		-		39	1,150
Net position - ending	\$ 1,070	\$	-	\$	39	\$ 1,109

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable General Fund

Fiscal Year		Balance e 30, 2022		Additions		Collections and Credits	1	Balance ne 30, 2023
2022-2023	\$	30, 2022	\$	12,007,935	\$	11,785,225	\$	222,710
2022-2023	Ş	100 027	Ş	12,007,933	Ş		Ş	•
2021-2022		188,937		-		155,391 29,669		33,546
		38,423		-		,		8,754
2019-2020		12,214		-		8,302		3,912
2018-2019		8,284		-		5,019		3,265
2017-2018		5,332		-		1,700		3,632
2016-2017		875		-		403		472
2015-2016		1,248		-		299		949
2014-2015		690		-		87		603
2013-2014		1,382		-		83		1,299
2012-2013		8,047		-		8,047		-
Total	\$	265,432	\$	12,007,935	\$	11,994,225	\$	279,142
Less: Allowance	for Unc	ollectible Acc	ounts-	General Fund				(23,125)
Ad valorem taxe	s receiv	able, net-Ge	neral F	und			\$	256,017
Reconciliation was Ad valorem taxes. Reconciling item Interest and poor Other adjustmass written. Total reconciling Total collections.	es-Generalities enalities ents off g items	ral Fund s collected					\$ \$ \$	12,061,123 (70,649) (4,296) 8,047 (66,898) 11,994,225

Alleghany County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy General Fund

					Total I	Levy		
	Cor		Property Excluding Registered	R	legistered			
	Property Valuation	Rate		Total Levy	 Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy								
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 1,979,274,874	0.5970	\$	11,816,271	\$ 10,814,985	\$	1,001,286	
Discoveries								
Current year taxes	\$ 59,986,265	0.5970	\$	358,118	\$ 358,118	\$	-	
Abatements	 (27,881,742)	0.5970		(166,454)	 (166,454)	-		
Total property valuation	\$ 2,011,379,397							
Net Levy			\$	12,007,935	\$ 11,006,649	\$	1,001,286	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			_	222,710	 222,710		-	
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$	11,785,225	\$ 10,783,939	\$	1,001,286	
Current Levy Collection Percentage				98.15%	 97.98%		100.00%	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Balance Sheet

Tourism Development Authority

(A Component Unit of Alleghany County, North Carolina) June 30, 2023

	Dev	ourism elopment uthority
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	312,419
Accounts receivable		18,037
Total assets	\$	330,456
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	6,219
Total liabilities	\$	6,219
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned	\$	324,237
Total fund balance	\$	324,237

The Tourism Development Authority's fund balance and net position are the same.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Tourism Development Authority

(A Component Unit of Alleghany County, North Carolina)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	l Am		F	riance with nal Budget Positive		
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Occupancy tax	\$ 96,810	\$	96,810	\$	216,834	\$	120,024
Total revenues	\$ 96,810	\$	96,810	\$	216,834	\$	120,024
EXPENDITURES							
Economic and physical development							
Tourism development	\$ 196,810	\$	270,250	\$	134,362	\$	135,888
Total economic and physical development	\$ 196,810	\$	270,250	\$	134,362	\$	135,888
Total expenditures	\$ 196,810	\$	270,250	\$	134,362	\$	135,888
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ (100,000)	\$	(173,440)	\$	82,472	\$	255,912
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 100,000	\$	173,440	\$	-	\$	(173,440)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 100,000	\$	173,440	\$	-	\$	(173,440)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	82,472	\$	82,472

The Tourism Development Authority's fund balance and net position are the same.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alleghany County, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Alleghany County, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies, as items 2023-001, 2023-002, and 2023-003, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Alleghany County, North Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Alleghany County, North Carolina's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Alleghany County, North Carolina's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned. Alleghany County, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 17, 2023

Robinson, James, Cox associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Alleghany County, North Carolina's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Alleghany County, North Carolina's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Alleghany County, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.2 Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Alleghany County, North Carolina and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Alleghany County, North Carolina federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances
- obtain an understanding of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 17, 2023

Robinson, Famer, Cox Resociates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Alleghany County, North Carolina's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Alleghany County, North Carolina's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Alleghany County, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.2 Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Alleghany County, North Carolina and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Alleghany County, North Carolina State programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the requirements of each major State program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances
- obtain an understanding of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 17, 2023

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal								
Fodoral Country (State Page Through Country)	Assistance	State/Pass-through		(5		Federal	.L.\		State
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Listing Number	Grantor's Number		(L		t Pass-throug enditures	;n)		enditures
Department Health and Human Services:									
Pass Through Payments:									
North Carolina Division of Social Services:									
COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases	93.323	Not available			\$	76,534		\$	-
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.556	Not available				14,142			-
Administration	93.558	2101NCTANF	\$	33,902					
Work First Service	93.558	2101NCTANF		83,784		117,686			-
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2104NC4005				119,402			(73)
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee									
Administered Programs	93.566	Not available				(1,178)			-
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Administration	93.568	G21B1NCLIEA	\$ 1	07,745					
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568	G21B1NCLIEA		44,165		151,910			_
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:			-	.,,		,			
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and									
Development Fund	93.596	G2001NCCCDF				71,261			-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	2101NCPERMP				2,817			-
Foster Care - Title IV-E									
Administration	93.658	21021NCFOST		51,354					5,513
Direct Benefit Payments	93.658	21021NCFOST	1	90,789		342,143			56,165
Adoption Assistance Social Services Block Grant	93.659 93.667	2101NCADPT G2101NCSOSR				140 102,789			-
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	Not available				12,222			1,463
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	Not available				19,250			429
Medicaid Cluster:									
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	XIX-MAP20				413,791			57,922
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$	1,442,909		\$	121,419
Department of Agriculture:									
Pass Through Payments: North Carolina Division of Social Services:									
SNAP Cluster:									
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition									
Assistance Program	10.561	215NC406S2514			\$	183,809		\$	-
Total Department of Agriculture					\$	192 900		\$	_
Total Department of Agriculture					<u> </u>	183,809		<u> </u>	
Department of Justice:									
Pass Through Payments:									
North Carolina Department of Public Safety - Gov. Crime Commission:									
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	15JOVW-22-GG-00436-STOP			\$	59,061		\$	-
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	15POVC-22-GG-00774-ASSI				113,196			-
Total Department of Justice					¢	172,257		\$	_
Total Department of Justice					,	172,237		-	
Department of Transportation:									
Pass Through Payments:									
North Carolina Department of Transportation:									
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20 500	24222 4 22 4	•	4 04 4			ć F 450		
Administration Capital	20.509 20.509	36233.4.23.4	\$	1,814			\$ 5,458 228	\$	5,686
COVID-19 Administration	20.509	49233.3.1.2		87,362	\$	89,176		ş	3,000
Transit Services Program Cluster:	20.507	.,233.52		07,502	*	07,170			
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	51001.13.11.2				10,000			-
Total Department of Transportation					\$	99,176		\$	5,686
Department of Homeland Security:									
Pass Through Payments:									
North Carolina Department of Public Safety:									
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMA-2022-EP-00005-2220003			\$	39,032		\$	-
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	187986-724				5,236			-
Tabal Danagharant of Hannaland Consider.					ċ	44.269		ċ	
Total Department of Homeland Security					\$	44,268		\$	
Department of Treasury:									
Direct:									
North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management:	24 027	Mak and Uselile			ć	4 004 747			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not applicable			->	1,081,616		<u> </u>	
Total Department of Treasury					\$	1,081,616		\$	-
					<u> </u>	, ,			

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance State/Pass-through Listing Grantor's Number Number	Federal Direct & Pass-through Expenditures	State Expenditures
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services			
Administration		\$ -	\$ 65,756
Child Welfare/CPS/CS Direct Benefit Payments		\$ -	\$ 65,756
State Foster Home		<u> </u>	220,128
Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services		\$ -	\$ 285,884
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality			
S&W Conservation - Wetland Cost Share		\$ -	\$ 25,214
Scrap Tire Program		-	375
Community Waste Reduction and Recyling Program		<u>-</u>	2,000
Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality		\$ -	\$ 27,589
N.C. Department of Public Safety			
Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs		\$ -	\$ 69,774
N.C. State Recovery Fund		<u> </u>	71,815
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety		\$ -	\$ 141,589
N.C. Office of State Budget and Management			
N.C. Earthquake Recovery		\$ -	\$ 524,750
N.C. Register of Deeds		-	2,166
N.C. State Capital Infrastructure Fund		-	81,204
Total N.C. Office of State Budget and Management		\$ -	\$ 608,120
N.C. Department of Transportation			
ROAP-Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program		\$ -	\$ 61,049
ROAP-Rural General Public Program		-	17,168
ROAP Rural STI Grant		-	18,106
ROAP Work First Transitional-Employment		-	2,268
Total N.C. Office of State Budget and Management		\$ -	\$ 98,591
N.C. 911 Board			
PSAP 911 Grant		\$ -	\$ 131,208
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction		\$ -	\$ 131,208
N.C. Department of Public Instruction			
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds		\$ -	\$ 71,089
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction		\$ -	\$ 71,089
Total Federal and State Awards		\$ 3,024,035	\$ 1,491,175
Other Financial Assistance (5) - Opioid Funding		\$ -	\$ 10,000
Total Federal and State Awards and Other Assistance		\$ 3,024,035	\$ 1,501,175

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the Schedule) includes the federal and state grant activity of Alleghany County under programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Alleghany County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Alleghany County.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule (SEFSA) are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.
- (4) The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the year.

Note 3 -- Cluster of Program

Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care Adoption are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

Alleghany County did not have any subrecipients for 2023.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued)

Note 5 -- Other Financial Assistance:

The North Carolina State and Local Government Finance Division and the Local Government Commission has required opioid funding be included in review of state funding compliance.

Note 6 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal and state revenues per the basic financial statements:		
Primary government:		
General Fund		
Federal Funding	\$ 1,930,606	
State Funding		\$ 712,212
Transportation Fund		
Federal Funding	11,813	
State Funding		98,819
ARPA Fund		
Federal Funding	1,081,616	
State Capital and Infrastructure Capital Project Fund		
State Funding		36,594
State Capital and Infrastructure Courthouse Fund		
State Funding		28,620
State Capital and Infrastructure Pool Fund		
State Funding		15,990
DPS Law Enforcement Grant Fund		
State Funding		71,815
Landfill Fund		
State Funding		2,375
Earthquake Fund		
State Funding		524,750
Opioid Fund		
State Funding		10,000
Total primary government	\$ 3,024,035	\$ 1,501,175

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

		~
Finan	ดากเ	Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
93.778	Medicaid Cluster	
21.027	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	between Type A	
and Type B programs		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No
State Awards		
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None repor		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act? No		
Identification of major programs:		
	Program Name	

911 Generator Grant Fund N.C. Earthquake Recovery Fund

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

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Criteria: Per auditing standards, an auditee should have sufficient expertise in the selection and

application of accounting principles used in the preparation of the annual financial report. In addition, the auditee should have sufficient internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, reliance on the auditors to propose audit adjustments may not be a

component of the auditee's internal controls.

Condition: The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments

to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor

proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.

Cause: The County has had numerous changes in the financial reporting processes including

staffing, funding, and accounting principles. These items resulted in the auditors proposing

material adjustments.

Effect: There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the entity's internal controls over

financial reporting.

Recommendation: The County should continue to improve monthly reconciliations and work to ensure

financials as provided for audit are materially correct.

Management's Response: The County will continue to improve on the understanding and review of the financial

information prior to providing same to the auditors for next year.

2023-002

Criteria: A key concept of internal controls is segregation of duties. No one employee should have

access to both accounting records and related assets.

Condition: The County does not have proper segregation of duties regarding cash management.

Cause: The County Finance Officer has access to and enters the majority of transactions into the

accounting system. The County has had continuing turnover of employees in the County

Finance Department which limits experienced staff for proper review.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2023-002 (Continued)	
Effect:	There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	In FY2023, the County Manager began reviewing the bank reconciliations monthly. In addition to this review, we recommend the County document review and approval on check registers, payroll registers, revenue reports, and monthly budget versus actual reports.
Management's Response:	Management will implement the recommended actions as soon as possible.
2023-003	
Criteria:	The County should have sufficient monitoring procedures to mitigate certain internal control risks. These procedures include providing accurate and timely monthly reports to the Board of Commissioners. A completed and reviewed bank reconciliation is a vital piece of ensuring the overall accuracy of information provided to the Board.
Condition:	The Finance Office was not reconciling the bank statement in a timely manner which resulted in an unknown variance.
Cause:	The Finance Office experienced turnover during a pandemic and got behind on reconciling the monthly bank statements.
Effect:	There is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	We recommend the County Manager receive directly and review the bank statement prior to the Finance Officer reconciling same. After timely reconciliation, we recommend the County Manager review the reconciliation as well.
Management's Response:	Management will implement the recommended actions as soon as possible.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no state award findings and questioned costs to report.

ALLEGHANY COUNTY FINANCE/HR OFFICE

April Hamm, Finance Officer Human Resource Officer

Robin Hamilton, Assistant Finance Officer

Dalila Morales, Payroll & Accounting Specialist



Post Office Box 366 348 South Main Street, LL60 & LL70 Sparta, NC 28675 (336) 372-2826 or (336)372-2946

(336) 372-2972-fax

Corrective Action Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Contact Name: April Hamm, Finance Officer

Finding 2023-001

Material Audit Adjustments

Corrective Action: Staff will continue to improve on reconciling financial statements, plus understanding and review of all financial information.

Finding 2023-002

Segregation of Duties

Corrective Action: Segregated reviews from multiple staff members of bank statements, plus entering of transactions into the accounting system, will be added to internal controls.

Finding 2023-0003

Review of Bank Statements

Corrective Action: County Manager will receive and review bank statements before Finance Office begins reconciliation. County Manager will review after completion of bank reconciliation by Finance staff.

Completion Date: As soon as possible

ALLEGHANY COUNTY FINANCE/HR OFFICE

April Hamm, Finance Officer
Human Resource Officer

Robin Hamilton, Assistant Finance Officer

Dalila Morales, Payroll & Accounting Specialist



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(336) 372-2972-fax

Summary Schedule of Prior Year's Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Finding 2022-001

Condition: Material audit adjustments

Current Status: This finding has been repeated as a material weakness as current

year finding 2023-001.

Finding 2022-002

Condition: Lacking segregation of duties

Current Status: This finding has been repeated as a material weakness as current

year finding 2023-002.

Finding 2022-003

Condition: Lacking review of bank statements

Current Status: This finding has been repeated as a material weakness as current

year finding 2023-003.